





**POLICE DEPARTMENT** 

### BACKGROUND ON RACIAL AND IDENTITY PROFILING ACT (RIPA)

Fire and Police Commission

March 28, 2024





### Presentation Outline

Background on RIPA

Data Collection Requirements

**Key Definitions** 

"Data Elements"

**RIPA** Board

Summary of Entity Responsibilities





### Origins of RIPA



RIPA Bill Introduced in 2015 by Assembly Member Shirley Weber (San Diego)

Assembly Bill 953

Stemmed from National Narrative Surrounding Several High Profile LE Incidents

Effort to Help Eliminate Racial and Identity Profiling by Law Enforcement

Goal to Promote Transparency, Equity and Fair Treatment in Policing

Took Effect January 1, 2016





#### **AB 953 - Summary**

Modified the Definition of Racial Profiling to Include Identity Profiling

Reaffirmed Prohibitions
Against Racial and Identity
Profiling by Law
Enforcement

Required Law
Enforcement to Report all
Citizen Complaints
Alleging Racial and
Identity Profiling (PC
13012)

Establishes the Racial and Identity Profiling Advisory
Board

\*\*Required Law
Enforcement Agencies to
Collect and Report Data to
the Attorney General's
Office on all Vehicle and
Pedestrian Stops\*\*





### Data Collection Requirements

RIPA Requires all Law Enforcement Agencies in the State to "collect perceived demographic and other detailed data regarding pedestrian and traffic stops."

The data is not to be collected from identification (i.e. Driver's License/ Passport), but rather based upon the Officer's Perception of the person they stopped.

This information *shall not* be requested from the person stopped.

Personal identifying information of the person stopped *shall not* be included in reporting.





#### **Stop Data Reporting**



Reporting format set by the Department of Justice (CJIS 2000)

Statewide data is collected and stored in Stop Data Collection System (SDCS)

Numerous electronic reporting formats created for streamlined DOJ reporting

SBPD utilizes a phone-based application called "Veritone" to collect and submit Stop Data to the DOJ







#### **Implementation Timeline**

Number of Officers		Collect	Report
From	То	Ву	Ву
1,000	1,000+	1-Jul-2018	1-Apr-2019
667	999	1-Jan-2019	1-Apr-2020
334	666	1-Jan-2021	1-Apr-2022
1	333	1-Jan-2022	1-Apr-2023

<sup>\*\*</sup>SBPD Voluntarily Began Collecting Early in July of 2021\*\*





#### **Key RIPA Definitions**

**Stop:** A stop means any detention by a peace officer of a person, or any peace officer interaction with a person in which the peace officer conducts a search, including a consensual search, of the person's body or property in the person's possession or control.

Detention: A seizure of a person by an officer that results from physical restraint, unequivocal verbal commands, or words or conduct by an officer that would lead a reasonable person to believe that they are not free to leave or disregard the officer's commands.

Search: A search of a person's body or property in the person's possession or under his or her control and includes a pat-down search of a person's outer clothing as well as a consensual search.





## Reporting Officer Information

With respect to the officer making the stop, the officer must report:

Agency ORI (Originating Agency Identifier) Number

Officer's Identification Number

Years of Experience

Type of Assignment





## Reporting Officer Information

Recent Amendments:

"Race or Ethnicity of Officer"

and

"Gender of Officer"

January 1, 2024 – An Amendment to RIPA added the required data elements "Race or Ethnicity of Officer" and "Gender of Officer"

"Gender of Officer" data element was met with objection by many large statewide police associations (CPCA, CSSA, PORAC, CAHP)

Legal action was filed by LE associations against State Attorney General and DOJ

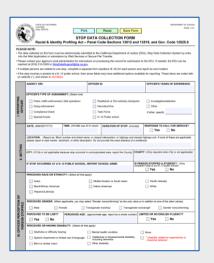
Plaintiffs cited provisions of law that prevent employers from demanding gender identity information from their employees

January 22, 2024 – Superior Court issued a TRO restraining DOJ from enforcing reporting of "Gender of Officer" pending a Preliminary Injunction Hearing





## Required "Data Elements"



Date, Time, and Location of the Stop

Reason for the Stop

Actions Taken During the Stop

**Search Information** 

**Evidence Found** 

**Property Seized** 

Result of the Stop





# Required "Data Elements" (Cont'd)

With respect to the person stopped, the officer must report their own perceptions based upon personal observation only regarding the following:

Race or Ethnicity

Age

Gender

**Sexual Orientation** 

Limited or No English Fluency

**Known or Perceived Disability** 

Perceived to be Unhoused







#### Officer Perception

Can an officer's perception be wrong?

There is no wrong perception, but it must be the officer's honest perception

Government Code Section 12525.5 requires that officers record perception data

The same government code section prohibits recording demographic data seen on the stopped individual's Identification Card etc...





#### Officer Perception (Cont'd)

When does a perception occur?

"The selection must be based upon the officer's personal observation at whatever point in the encounter the officer is able to make such an observation" -DOJ





#### Data Collection- Multiple People/ Special Settings

#### Only Reportable if Additional Action is Taken:

- Traffic Control due to Emergency
- Crowd Control for Public Safety
- Passenger in Vehicle
- Checking Proof of Age
- DUI Check Point

#### Non-Reportable:

- Active Shooter
- Bomb Scene/ Mass Evacuation
- Routine Security





### Summary of Agency Responsibilities



- Collect Stop Data and Report to DOJ
- Review and Reinforce Best Practices Including How to Collect and Maintain Stop Data
- Conduct Supervisor Review of Individual Stop Records
- Implement Audits to Ensure Data Accountability
- Provide Summary Civilian Complaint Data to DOJ
- Complete Expanded Training Related to Racial and Identity Profiling
- Update Agency Policies and Practices as Needed





#### SBPD Policy 401 – Bias Based Policing

"This policy provides guidance to department members that affirms the Santa Barbara Police Department's commitment to policing that is fair and objective."

#### 401.3 BIAS-BASED POLICING PROHIBITED

#### 401.4.2 REPORTING OF STOPS

"...an officer conducting a stop of a person shall collect the data elements required by Penal Code § 12525.5 and 11 CCR 999.226 for every person stopped and prepare a stop data report."

#### 401.8 TRAINING

"Training on fair and objective policing and review of this policy shall be conducted annually and include: explicit and implicit biases and avoiding improper profiling."





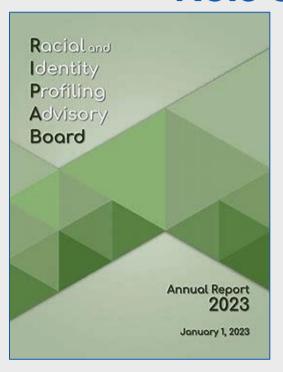
#### **RIPA Board**

- The Racial and Identity Profiling Advisory (RIPA) Board was created "for the purpose of eliminating racial and identity profiling and improving diversity and racial and identity sensitivity in law enforcement." (Penal Code 13519.4)
- The RIPA Board is comprised of 19 members
- The 19-member Board is made up of community advocates, spiritual leaders, academics, attorneys, and law enforcement





#### Role of the RIPA Board



- Analyze the Stop Data and the Civilian Complaint Data on an Annual Basis
- Work with Law Enforcement to Review Racial and Identity Profiling Policies and Practices
- Review Law Enforcement Training
- Issue an Annual Report that Details the Data Findings and Provides Policy Recommendations and Best Practices to Law Enforcement





#### Role of POST



- Develop and Disseminate Guidelines and Training for all Peace Officers in California
- Work in Consultation with the RIPA Board to Develop Evidence-Based Curriculum
- Create Training that Shall Prescribe Evidence-Based Patterns, Practices and Protocols that Prevent Racial or Identity Profiling (Penal Code 13519.4)







#### **QUESTIONS AND COMMENTS**

Background on Racial and Identity Profiling Act (RIPA)