65 gallon cart 32 gallon can 65 gallon cart 65 gallon cart

See Medium-High Density (on next tab)

Average Unit Size

proposed:

#### **AUD CALCULATIONS**

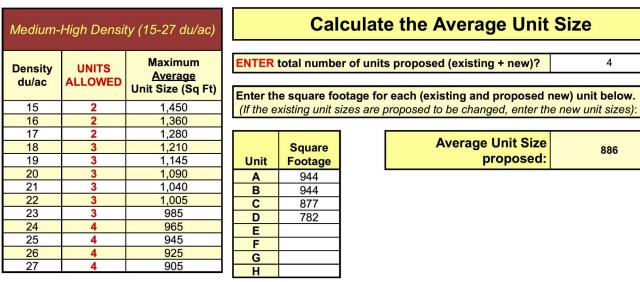
#### **DETERMINE AUD PROGRAM APPLICABILITY\*** Please consult with City Planning Staff for further explanation of the AUD Program

Click on Zone and Land Use Designation fields to select from the Drop Down menus **ENTER Project Address:** 1410 San Andres **SELECT Zone:** R-M (R-3) SELECT Land Use Designation Medium-High Density (15-27 du/ac) ENTER Net Lot Area (in sq. ft.): 7,500

Units allowed using Average Unit **Density (AUD) Program** (Total units MUST EXCEED units allowed under Base Density):

for unit options over Base Density **Base Density** (Units allowed using existing Zoning regulations):

Projects in the coastal zone (CZ (SD-3) Overlay Zone) wishing to develop under the AUD Program must be consistent with the City's certified Local Coastal Program (LCP). Projects will be evaluated on a case-by-case basis determine consistency with the LCP. Requests for modifications may be necessary in order to achieve the levelopment standard incentives allowed by the AUD Program.

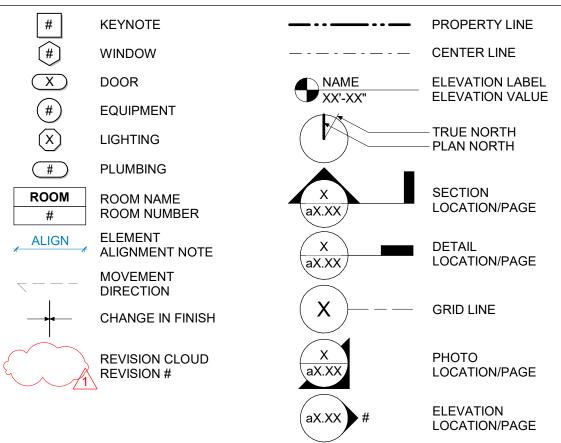


# **RESIDENTIAL DENSITY**

GREATEST # OF RESIDENTIAL UNITS EXISTING ONSITE IN LAST 5 YEARS: 1 UNIT RENTAL RATE OF UNITS IN LAST 5 YEARS: MARKET RATE

PROPOSED UNITS SUBJECT TO INCLUSIONARY HOUSING REQUIREMENTS: NO

#### **SYMBOL LEGEND**



## **ABBREVIATIONS - NOT ALL USED**

	~ AFF	APPROXIMATELY ABOVE FINISHED FLOOR	(N) NIC	NEW NOT IN CONTRACT
	APN	ASSESSOR PARCEL NUMBER	NTS	NOT IN CONTRACT
	ASF	ABOVE STRUCTURAL FLOOR	OC	ON CENTER
Ī	BTWN	BETWEEN	OFCI	OWNER-FURNISHED,
	BLDG	BUILDING	OI CI	CONTRACTOR-INSTALLED
	CBC	CALIFORNIA BUILDING CODE	ОН	OVERHANG
	CEC	CALIFORNIA ELECTRICAL CODE	PG	PAINT GRADE
	CL	CENTERLINE	PL	PROPERTY LINE
	CLG	CEILING	PLN	PLAN
	CLR	CLEAR	PLT	PLATE
	CMC	CALIFORNIA MECHANICAL CODE	PLY	PLYWOOD
	CONC	CONCRETE	PT	PRESSURE TREATED
	CPC	CALIFORNIA PLUMBING CODE	PV	PHOTOVOLTAIC(S)
	CRC	CALIFORNIA RESIDENTIAL CODE	REQ	REQUIRE(D) / REQUIREMENT(S)
	D	CLOTHES DRYER	RO	ROUGH OPENING
	DEMO	DEMOLISH / DEMOLITION	SAF	SELF-ADHERED FLASHING
	DIM	DIMENSION	SB	SETBACK
	DW	DISHWASHER	SEP	SEPARATE / SEPARATION
	(E)	EXISTING	SF	SQUARE FOOT / SQUARE FEET
	EGR	EGRESS	SFL	STRUCTURAL FLOOR LEVEL
	EL	ELEVATION	SG	STAIN GRADE
	ELEC	ELECTRICAL	SHT	SHEET
	EQ	EQUAL / EQUIVALENT	SIM	SIMILAR
	EXT	EXTERIOR	SPEC	
	FAU	FORCED AIR UNIT	SSD	SEE STRUCTURAL DRAWINGS
	FFL	FINISHED FLOOR LEVEL	ST	STREET
	FG	FINISHED GRADE	STD	STANDARD(S)
	FLR	FLOOR	TBD	TO BE DETERMINED
	GR	GROSS	TYP	TYPICAL
	GYP	GYPSUM BOARD	UON	UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED
l,	HVAC	HEATING, VENTILATION, A/C	VIF V	VERIFY IN FIELD
	INT MAX	INTERIOR MAXIMUM	W	VERSION CLOTHES WASHER
	MECH	MECHANICAL	WD	WOOD
l).	MEP	MECHANICAL MECHANICAL, ELEC, PLUMBING	WRB	WATER-RESISTIVE BARRIER
	MFR	MANUFACTURER	W/	WITH
	MIN	MINIMUM	W/OUT	WITHOUT
			.1,001	

## CODE COMPLIANCE

ALL WORK SHALL BE PERFORMED AND ALL MATERIALS INSTALLED IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE CURRENT EDITIONS OF THE FOLLOWING CODES, AS ADOPTED BY THE LOCAL **GOVERNING AUTHORITIES.** 

NOTHING IN THESE PLANS IS TO BE CONSTRUED TO PERMIT WORK NOT CONFORMING TO THESE CODES. CODE REQUIREMENTS TAKE PRECEDENCE OVER THE DRAWINGS.

IT SHALL BE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF ANYONE PROVIDING LABOR OR MATERIALS TO CONFORM WITH THE CODE AND TO BRING TO THE ATTENTION OF THE ARCHITECT ANY DISCREPANCIES OR CONFLICTS BETWEEN THE CODES AND THE DRAWINGS.

#### APPLICABLE CODES: SANTA BARBARA CITY TITLE 30 ZONING ORDINANCE

SANTA BARBARA CITY MUNICIPAL CODE SANTA BARBARA CITY DESIGN GUIDELINES 2022 CALIFORNIA ADMINISTRATIVE CODE 2022 CALIFORNIA BUILDING CODE (CBC)

2022 CALIFORNIA RESIDENTIAL CODE (CRC) 2022 CALIFORNIA ENERGY CODE 2022 CALIFORNIA ELECTRICAL CODE (CEC)

2022 CALIFORNIA PLUMBING CODE (CPC) 2022 CALIFORNIA MECHANICAL CODE (CMC) 2022 CALIFORNIA FIRE CODE (CFC)

2020 GREEN BUILDING CODE 2022 CALIFORNIA BUILDING CODE AMENDMENTS PER ORD. 5919 2022 SANTA BARBARA ELECTRICAL CODE AMENDMENTS 2022 SANTA BARBARA MECHANICAL CODE AMENDMENTS

2022 SANTA BARBARA PLUMBING CODE AMENDMENTS 2022 SANTA BARBARA GREEN BUILDING CODE AMENDMENTS 2022 SANTA BARBARA HOUSING CODE FEDERAL - OSHA

### **ACCESSIBILITY SUMMARY**

FEDERAL - AMERICANS WITH DISABILITIES ACT

**CODE:** R-3 CONSTRUCTION IS EXEMPT FROM ACCESSIBILITY COMPLIANCE.

## UNDERGROUND DIG ALERT

CONTRACTOR TO CALL 811 PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF CONSTRUCTION OR EXTERIOR SITE WORK.

### **WORK IN THE RIGHT-OF-WAY**

ANY WORK IN THE PUBLIC RIGHT-OF-WAY REQUIRES A SEPARATE PERMIT FROM PUBLIC

#### **DRAWING INDEX**

SHEET	DESCRIPTION
Γ-1.0	TITLE SHEET
Г-1.1	CONTEXT IMAGES
Г-1.3	GEOTECHNICAL REPORT
Г-1.4	GEOTECHNICAL REPORT
Г-1.5	GEOTECHNICAL REPORT
C-1.0	CIVIL GRADING & DRAINAGE PLAN
C-2.0	CIVIL UTILITY PLAN
C-3.0	CIVIL EROSION CONTROL PLAN
C-4.0	CIVIL DETAILS
<b>∖-</b> 1.0	(E)/(N) SITE PLAN
<b>∖-1.1</b>	(E)/DEMO PLANS & ELEVATIONS
<b>∖-I-2</b> .1	(N) DUPLEX I FLOOR PLANS
<b>∖-I-2.2</b>	(N) DUPLEX I ROOF PLAN
<b>∖-I-3</b> .1	(N) DUPLEX I EXTERIOR ELEVATIONS
\-I-3.2	(N) DUPLEX I EXTERIOR ELEVATIONS
<b>∖-I-4</b> .0	(N) DUPLEX I SECTIONS
<b>∖-II-2.1</b>	(N) DUPLEX II PLANS
<b>∖-II-3.1</b>	(N) DUPLEX II EXTERIOR ELEVATIONS
<b>∖-II-4</b> .0	(N) DUPLEX II SECTIONS
<b>\-</b> 6.0	SPECIFICATIONS
1.00	LANDSCAPE

## **CONTACT LIST**

OWNER SMBR, LLC 831 CLIFF DRIVE #100 SANTA BARBARA, CA 93109 805.456.5910	SOILS/GEOTECH ENGINEER GREG MAKAY BEACON GEOTECHNICAL PO BOX 4814 PASO ROBLES, CA 93447 805.239.9457
ARCHITECT KEITH NOLAN ON DESIGN ARCHITECTS PO BOX 598 SANTA BARBARA, CA 93101 805.451.2134	ELECTRICAL ENGINEER JMPE 156 ALAMAR AVENUE #B SANTA BARBARA, CA 93102 805.569-9216X

805.569-9216X STRUCTURAL ENGINEER AGENT ASHLEY VANCE LONNIE ROY 210 E COTA STREET

ON DESIGN ARCHITECTS SANTA BARBARA, CA 93101 PO BOX 598 SANTA BARBARA, CA 93101 805.451.2134

**CIVIL ENGINEER** RRM DESIGN GROUP 10 E FIGUEROA STREET #200 SANTA BARBARA, CA 93101 805.963.8283

#### **VICINITY MAP**

805.962.9966



## FIRE SPRINKLERS

PHOTOVOLTAIC SYSTEM

SPRINKLERS:	<b>EXISTING</b>	PROPOSED
	NO	YES - NFPA 13D

# SPRINKLERS TO BE DESIGN-BUILT UNDER SEPARATE PERMIT

PV SYSTEM:	<b>EXISTING</b>	PROPOSED	ALLOWED/REQ
	NO	YES	YES

PHOTOVOLTAIC SYSTEM TO BE DESIGN-BUILT UNDER SEPARATE PERMIT

### LOCAL DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS

	PROPOSED	ALLOWED/REQ	<u>NOTE</u>
HEIGHT	<45'	45'	AUD
SETBACK - FRT SETBACK - INT SETBACK - RR	30'-3 1/2" 3'+ 4'-11"	5' (OR VAR.) 0 0	AUD AUD AUD
COMMON OPEN YARD	225 SF	225 SF	AUD: 15' X 15' MIN DIMS
PRIVATE OPEN YARD UNIT A UNIT B UNIT C UNIT D	128 SF 128 SF 180 SF 85 SF	84 SF 84 SF 140 SF 84 SF	AT 2ND FLR BALCONY AT 2ND FLR BALCONY AT GRADE, SEE SITE PLN AT 2ND FLR BALCONY
SOLAR ACCESS	N/A	N/A	NON-RES ADJACENT

#### SITE INFORMATION

ADDRESS:	1410 SAN ANDRES STREET SANTA BARBARA, CA 93101
APN:	039-041-012
ZONE DISTRICT:	C-R
CONSTR. TYPE:	V-B
LOT SIZE:	7,500 SF = 0.17 AC. (GROSS & NET)
LOT SLOPE:	2%
EXISTING USE:	SINGLE-FAMILY RESIDENTIAL, CBC R-3
PROPOSED USE:	MULTI-FAMILY RESIDENTIAL, CBC R-3
CLIMATE ZONE:	6
HIGH FIRE AREA:	NO

#### PROJECT DESCRIPTION

**FLOOD HAZARD:** NO (ZONE X)

DEMOLISH (E) SINGLE FAMILY HOME AND (E) GARAGE. CLEAR AND GRUB ALL OTHER ON-SITE IMPROVEMENTS EXCEPT THE EXISTING AS-BUILT 6'-0" HIGH WOOD FENCE ALONG THE SOUTHERLY PROPERTY LINE TO REMAIN.

CONSTRUCT TWO (N) DUPLEXES TO BE RENTED. EACH NEW UNIT IS PROVIDED WITH ONE COVERED VEHICULAR PARKING SPACE WITHIN SHARED GARAGES. EACH UNIT IS PROVIDED ONE COVERED/SECURED BIKE PARING LOCKER. EXTERIOR AT GRADE MINI-SPLIT HEAT PUMPS ARE PROVIDED TO SERVE EACH UNIT.

ACCES WILL BE PROVIDED VIA A NEW DRIVEWAY THAT WILL UTILIZE THE EXISTING DRIVEWAY APPROACH. ALL OTHER FRONTAGE IMPROVEMENTS ARE TO REMAIN. A TRASH ENCLOSURE IS PROVIDED AT THE TERMINUS OF THE DRIVEWAY. A LOW PLASTER WALL IS PROVIDED AT THE ENTRY TO FORM A PRIVATE ENTRY COURT YARD. A NEW WOOD FENCE IS PROVIDED ALONG THE NORTH AND EAST PROPERTY LINE. THE REMAINDER OF THE SITE IS PROPOSED WITH A COMBINATION OF SOFTSCAPE AND

BMPS PER CIVIL ENGINEER INCLUDE TWO (N) RAINSTORE3 UNDERGROUND CHAMBERS, 24 STACKS (6X3) OF 6 UNITS IN HEIGHT AND 16 STACKS (4X4) OF 4 UNITS IN HEIGHT.

EXISTING OVERHEAD AND NEW UTILITIES TO BE UNDERGROUND.

THE PROJECT IS PROPOSED UNDER THE CITY'S AVERAGE UNIT-SIZE DENSITY (AUD) INCENTIVE PROGRAM AND SB330. THE PROJECT REQUIRED PROJECT DESIGN APPROVAL AND FINAL APPROVAL FROM ABR.

## **BUILDING SQUARE FOOTAGES**

PER CITY OF SANTA BAR	BARA STANDARDS		
NET BUILDING AREA (ZO	NING)	<b>GROSS BUILDING AREA (B</b>	<u>&amp;S)</u>
(E) BUILDING		(E) BUILDING	1,404
1ST FLR SFL		1ST FLR SFL	
GARAGE	357 SF	GARAGE	407
RESIDENCE	897 SF	RESIDENCE	997
TOTAL	1,254 SF	TOTAL	1,404
TOTAL NET DEMO  (N) DUPLEX I	1,254 SF	TOTAL GROSS DEMO (N) DUPLEX I	
1ST FLR SFL		1ST FLR SFL	
APT A (2-BEDROOM)	349 SF	APT A (2-BEDROOM)	393
APT B (2-BEDROOM)	349 SF	APT B (2-BEDROOM)	393
GARAGE	844 SF	GARAGE	886
	1,542 SF		1,672
2ND FLR SFL		2ND FLR SFL	

595 SF	APT B (2-BEDROOM)	
1,190 SF		
2,732 SF	TOTAL	
	(N) DUPLEX II	
	1ST FLR SFL	
877 SF	APT C (2-BEDROOM)	
877 SF		
	2ND FLR SFL	
782 SF	APT D (2-BEDROOM)	
782 SF		
1,659 SF	TOTAL	
	1,190 SF 2,732 SF 877 SF 877 SF 782 SF 782 SF	1,190 SF 2,732 SF  TOTAL  (N) DUPLEX II 1ST FLR SFL APT C (2-BEDROOM)  782 SF 782 SF APT D (2-BEDROOM)

INCLUDES.
INCLUDES:
<ul> <li>STAIRS, ELEV'R ON GRND LEVEL ONLY</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>COVERED PARKING &amp; COVERED</li> </ul>
DECKS, PATIOS & BALCONIES
• EVTEDIOD LINICONDITIONED OLOSETS

 EXTERIOR UNCONDITIONED CLOSETS ON BALCONIES AS RESID. AREAS EXCLUDES: • EXTERIOR WALLS

 EXTERIOR WALLS • STAIRS, ELEV'R ON GRND LEVEL ONLY CORRIDORS • COVERED PARKING & COVERED DECKS, PATIOS & BALCONIES • EXTERIOR UNCONDITIONED CLOSETS ON BALCONIES AS RESID. AREAS

INCLUDES:

APT A (2-BEDROOM)

# SITE STATISTICS

APT A (2-BEDROOM)

SITE COVERAGE:	<b>EXISTING</b>	PROPOSED	ALLOWED/REQ
BUILDINGS	1,404 SF	2,601 SF	1200 + (0.25 x LOT AREA = 3,075 SF
GRADING:	CUT/FILL_	IMPORT/EXPORT	TOTAL DISTURBED AREA
	90/10 CY	80 CY	7,500 SF
PARKING			
	<b>EXISTING</b>	<u>PROPOSED</u>	REQ
COVERED UNCOVERED	1 0	4 0	4 0

# **BIKE PARKING**

	<b>EXISTING</b>	PROPOSED	REQ	
OVERED NCOVERED	0 0	4 0	1 / UNIT = 4 0	
OTAL	0	4	4	

ON DESIGN, LI Architecture Planning Interior Design

> Keith Nolan C -22541

 $\mathbf{O}$ 7

653 SF

1,306 SF

2,978 SF

961 SF

961 SF

869 SF

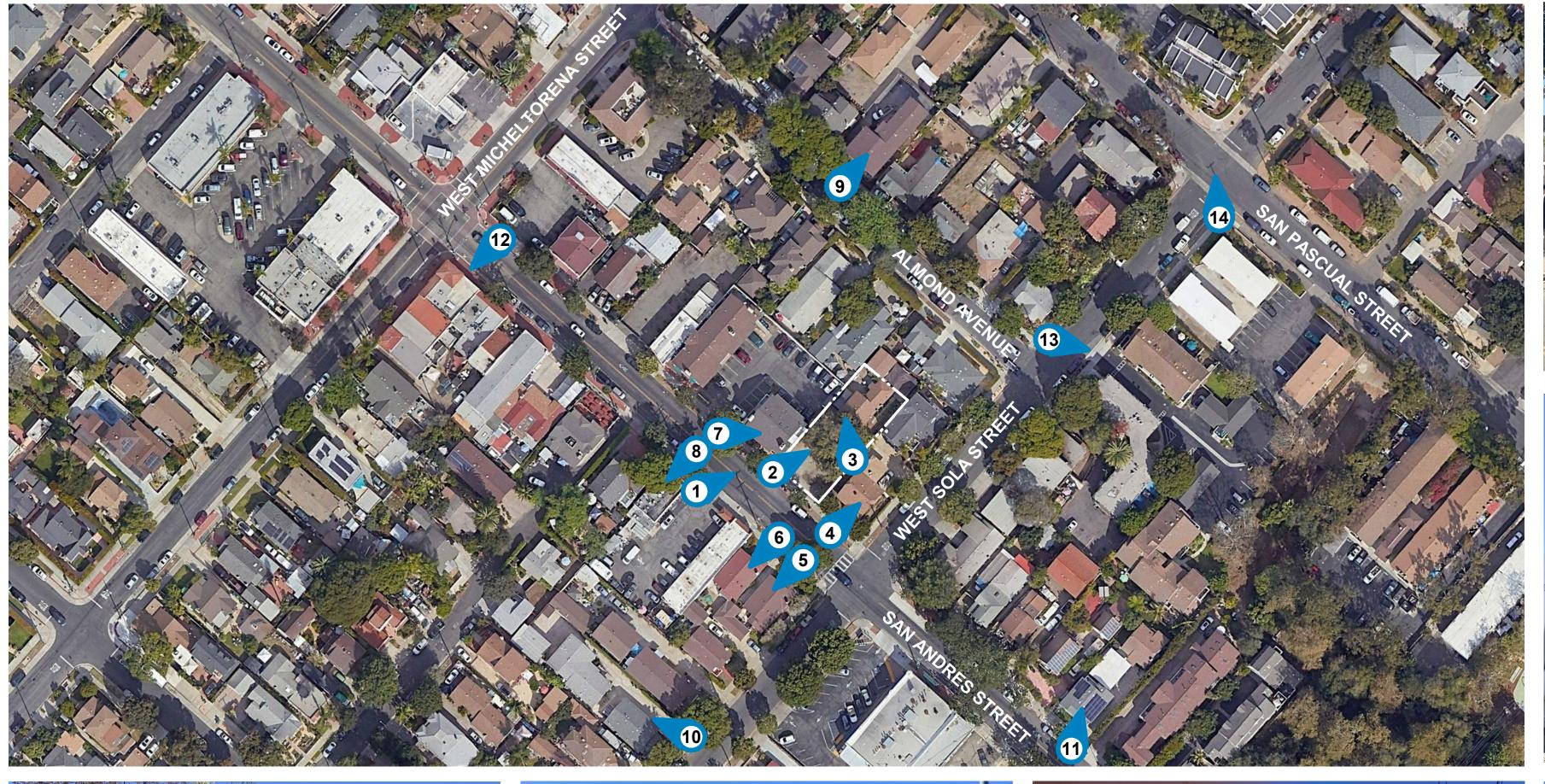
869 SF

1,830 SF

Revision Schedule PLN#1 12.20.23 PLN#2 03.15.24

Project Manager Designer As indicated

5/30/2024 2:41:25 PM







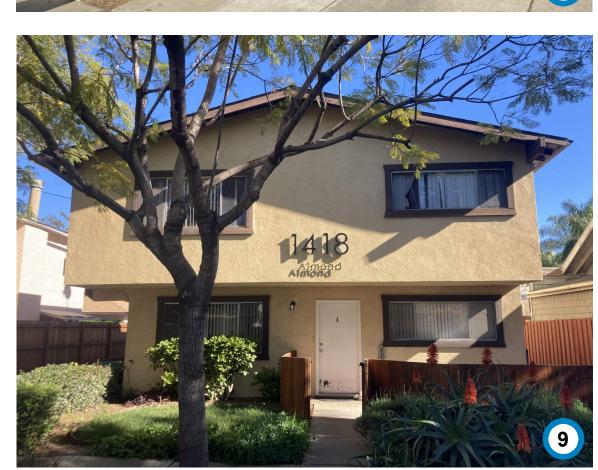




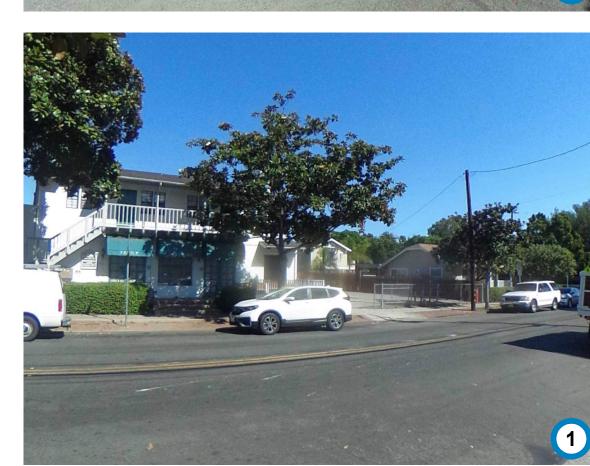












Revision Schedule

PLN#1 12.20.23 PLN#2 03.15.24

PrintDate

This report presents results of a Geotechnical Engineering Study performed for

1.1.1. It should be noted that grading and foundation plans were not

1.1.2. The proposed structures are assumed to be one (1) or two (2) stories

1.1.3. Structural considerations for maximum wall loads of 1.65 kips per

2.1 The purpose of the geotechnical investigation that led to this report was to

absence of subsurface water. The scope of our work included:

evaluate the soil conditions of the site with respect to the proposed

development. These conditions include surface and subsurface soil types,

expansion potential, settlement potential, bearing capacity, and presence or

Drilling, sampling, and logging of five (5) borings to investigate soils and

• Laboratory testing of soil samples obtained from subsurface exploration to

provided for the purpose of this report. Prior to any construction, this

firm should review the grading and foundation plans to verify or

modify the recommendations offered herein. We anticipate that the

square foot and maximum point loads of 25.0 kips were used as a

basis for the recommendations of this report. If actual loads vary

significantly from these assumed loads, Beacon Geotechnical, Inc.

should be notified as re-evaluation of the recommendations contained

the residential development to be located in Santa Barbara, California.

site will be developed at or near existing grade.

of wood framed construction.

herein may be required.

1. INTRODUCTION

1.1 <u>Description</u>

2 SCOPE OF WORK

October 24, 2023

Interior Design

October 24, 2023

PLN#1 12.20.23

roject Manager

Designer

2/21/2023 11:19:09 AM

SBMR, LLC 831 Cliff Drive, Suite 100

October 24, 2023

**Proposed Residential Structures** 1410 San Andres Street

As authorized, we have performed a Geotechnical Study for the above referenced project. The accompanying Geotechnical Engineering Report presents the results of our subsurface exploration, laboratory-testing program and conclusions and recommendations for geotechnical engineering aspects of project design. Our services were performed using the standard of care ordinarily

Based on our study, it is our opinion that the site is suitable for the proposed development from a geotechnical engineering standpoint provided the

We have appreciated this opportunity to be of service to you on this project. Please call if you have any questions, or if we can be of further service.

**Beacon Geotechnical, Inc.** 

Greg McKay Project Manager

Copies: 3-SBMR, LLC



Nicholas A. McClure

P.O. Box 4814 • Paso Robles, CA 93447

Phone: (805) 239-9457 • Fax: (805) 237-9098 • Email: beacongeotechnical@gmail.com

determine their physical and engineering properties. Geotechnical analysis of the data obtained.

F-103348

2.2 Contained in the report are:

Preparation of this report.

structural design.

Reconnaissance of the site.

groundwater conditions.

Discussions on local soil and groundwater conditions.

Consultation with owner representatives and design professionals.

Results of laboratory and field tests.

Conclusions and recommendations pertaining to site grading and

October 24, 2023

3 SITE SETTING

3.1 The site of the proposed development is located in Santa Barbara, California, with the approximate geographical coordinates 34°25'05.83" N and 119°42′53.69" W. See the Vicinity Map in Appendix A.

3.2 The site is relatively level with existing structures that will be removed prior to construction.

#### 4 SITE CONDITIONS

4.1 <u>Soil Conditions</u> 4.1.1 Evaluation of the subsurface indicates that soils are generally light

brown silty clayey sand overlain by brown silty slightly clayey sand. 4.1.2 Soils encountered at approximate bearing depths should be designed

as Site Classification D in accordance with the local building code. 4.1.3 Expansion determination indicates that the bearing soils lie in the "Very Low" range.

#### 4.2 <u>Groundwater</u>

4.2.1 Groundwater was not encountered to a maximum depth of twenty (20)

#### 4.3 <u>Infiltration Testing</u>

4.3.1 Infiltration testing was done on the site in accordance with the City of Santa Barbara standards. Two (2) Infiltration borings were drilled with their locations shown on the Site Map in Appendix A. The borings were presaturated and subsequently tested. The resulting Infiltration rates are as follows:

Test No.	Depth (Ft.)	Rate (Inch/Hour)
Α	2.0'	5
R	1 5'	7

- 4.3.2 We recommend that this infiltration system be designed by a Civil Engineer with adequate experience and knowledge of infiltration
- 4.3.3 Greater than ten (10) percent of a representative sample in the proposed infiltration area passed through the #200 sieve.

earthquakes is the primary geologic hazard at the project site. Ground displacement resulting from faulting is a potential hazard at or near faults.

This portion of Central California is subject to significant seismic hazards from

moderate to large earthquake events. Ground shaking resulting from

#### 5.1 Nearby Faults

**5 SEISMIC HAZARDS** 

5.1.1 The site does not lie within an Earthquake Fault Zone identified on a State of California Earthquake Fault Zone Map.

5.1.2	Faults	closest	to	the	site,	which	would	most	affect	the	propose
	project	t:									

Nearby Active Faults	Approximate Distance (km)	Magnitude M <sub>W</sub>
Mesa-Rincon Creek Fault	Less than 0.1	7.0
Mission Ridge Fault	2.7	6.8
Red Mountain Fault	11.7	7.4
North Channel Fault	13.3	6.7
Pitas Point Fault	29.3	7.3

#### 5.2 <u>Liquefaction</u>

Earthquake-induced vibrations can be the cause of several significant phenomena, including liquefaction in fine sands and silty sands. Liquefaction results in a complete loss of strength and can cause structures to settle or even overturn if it occurs in the bearing zone. If liquefaction occurs beneath sloping ground, a phenomenon known as lateral spreading can occur. Liquefaction is typically limited to the upper 50 feet of the subsurface soils and to soils that have a relative density of less than 70%.

5.2.1 Based on the quality and conditions of the in-place soils and the absence of groundwater in our boring explorations, it is our opinion that the potential for liquefaction and/or lateral spreading is low at this

#### 5.3 Landslide Hazards

F-103348

compacted.

6.6 Slabs on Grade

ten (10) feet from the slope face.

recommended earlier in this report.

stepped so that both top and bottom are level.

5.3.1 The site topography and exposed soil types indicate that the potential for landslides is minimal at this site. Furthermore, no evidence of previous landslides was observed at the site.

6.5.6 Bearing values may be increased by one-third when transient loads

6.5.7 Lateral loads may be resisted by soils friction on floor slabs and

6.5.8 For structures to be constructed above slopes, the outside faces at the

6.5.9 Conventional continuous footings for buildings where the ground

6.5.10 Reinforcement of footings bottomed in soils in the "Very Low"

6.5.11 Foundation excavations should be observed by a

6.6.1 Concrete slabs shall be a minimum of four (4) inches thick, reinforced

6.6.2 Concrete slabs should be supported by compacted structural fill as

6.6.3 Reinforcement dowels shall be provided at the connection between

6.6.4 Slabs should be underlain with a minimum of four (4) inches of clean

but prior to placing reinforcing steel or forms.

concrete slabs on grade and continuous footings.

such as wind and/or seismicity are incorporated into designs using the

alternate load combinations in 2022 California Building Code Section

foundations and by passive resistance of the soils acting on foundation

stem walls. Lateral capacity is based on the assumption that any

required backfill adjacent to foundations and grade beams is properly

bottom of footings should provide a minimum horizontal distance of

surface slopes at 10:1, horizontal to vertical, or steeper should be

expansion range should be designed by the Project Structural Engineer

to properly resist the structural design load reactions. Additionally,

soils should be lightly moistened immediately prior to placement of

representative of Beacon Geotechnical, Inc. after excavation,

with a minimum of #3 bars spaced at eighteen (18) inches on center,

and free draining sand. Areas where floor wetness would be

undesirable should be underlain with a 10mil moisture barrier to

minimum, should be lightly moistened immediately prior to placement

F-103348 October 24, 2023

Geotechnical Engineering Report

For

**Proposed Residential Structures** 

1410 San Andres Street

Santa Barbara, California

October 24, 2023

F-103348

Prepared For

SBMR, LLC

Beacon Geotechnical, Inc.

P.O. Box 4814

Paso Robles, California 93447

5.4 <u>Seismic Design Parameters</u> The following estimated ground motion parameters have been established using the methods outlined in the 2022 California Building Code with reference to the acceleration contour maps provided by the U.S. Geological Survey (USGS) and the National Earthquake Hazards Reduction Program (NEHRP-2015). These ground motion parameters represent the Maximum Considered Earthquake (MCE) spectral response of seismic events experiencing 5 percent damped acceleration and having a 2 percent probability of exceedance within a 50-year

Jenou.	
2022 California Building Code Seismic Par	ameters
Parameter	Value
Seismic Design Category	Е
Site Class	D
Short Period Spectral Acceleration, S <sub>s</sub>	2.235
1-second period spectral acceleration, S <sub>1</sub>	0.802
Short period site coefficient, Fa	1.000
1-second period site coefficient, F <sub>v</sub>	1.700
Adjusted short period spectral acceleration, S <sub>ms</sub>	2.235
Adjusted 1-second period spectral acceleration, $S_{m1}$	1.363
Short period design spectral acceleration, S <sub>DS</sub>	1.490
1-second period design spectral acceleration, S <sub>D1</sub>	0.909

**6 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS** The site is suitable for the proposed development from a geotechnical engineering standpoint provided the recommendations contained herein are

# properly implemented into the project.

- 6.1 <u>General Grading</u> 6.1.1 Grading, at a minimum, should conform to Chapter 18, and any additional locally approved appendices relating to grading, of the 2022
- California Building Code. 6.1.2 The existing ground surface should be initially prepared for grading by removing all vegetation, trees, large roots, debris, non-complying fill, and all other organic material. Voids created by removal of such
- material should not be backfilled unless the underlying soils have been observed by a representative of this firm. 6.1.3 The bottom of all excavations should be observed by a

representative of this firm prior to processing or placing fill.

6.1.4 Fill and backfill placed at near optimum moisture in layers with loose

1557 Test Method. on-site soils in strength, expansion, and compressibility characteristics. Import soils can be evaluated but will not be pre-qualified by the

- discharged onto bearing soils or near structures.
- Alternative grading methods can be found in 2022 California Building Code Section 1804.4. 6.1.8 The above referenced site drainage conditions should be maintained
- if the surrounding site drainage and grading is adversely modified. development, grading, and foundation construction phases of the work to observe compliance with the design concepts, specifications, and recommendations, and to allow design changes in the event that
- 6.1.10 Plans and specifications should be provided to Beacon Geotechnical, foundation details. Structural loads should be shown on the foundation
- 6.1.11 Should soils become unstable during grading due to excessive subsurface moisture, alternatives to correct instability may include aeration or the use of gravels and/or geotextiles as stabilizing measures. Recommendations for stabilization should be provided by this firm as needed during construction.

- recompact the loose topsoil. Where the overexcavation runs immediately adjacent to the existing structure, the overexcavation section extending a minimum of five (5) feet away from an existing building or improvement should be constructed in slots. Slot widths shall
- stability of the adjacent property. 6.2.3 Any excavated material from foundation and septic or drainage systems should be properly recompacted in accordance with all the recommendations for engineered fill. Alternatively, excavated soil may
- 6.2.5 On-site soils may be used for fill once they are cleaned of all organic material, rock, debris, and irreducible material larger than eight (8) inches.
- by this firm at the time of grading. 6.2.7 Grading inspections shall be performed in accordance with the 2022

- overexcavation and recompaction of soils in the building areas (including covered deck areas) will be necessary to decrease the potential for differential settlement and to provide more uniform bearing conditions. Soils should be overexcavated to a depth of two (2) feet below the bottom of footings, four (4) feet below existing grade, through the brown material (noted as soil type A1 in the project boring logs), or 75% of the deepest fill thickness, whichever is greater. The over-excavation should extend to a distance of five (5) feet beyond the building perimeter. The resulting surface should be scarified to a depth of one (1) foot, moisture conditioned and recompacted to a minimum of 90% of maximum dry density. The intent of these recommendations is to provide a minimum of two (2)
- the project location. 6.2.4 Areas outside the building areas to receive fill, exterior slabs-on-grade, sidewalks, and paving should be overexcavated to a depth of one (1) foot below finish subgrade or existing grade whichever is deeper. The
- California Building Code Table 1705.6. See Appendix B for project

6.3 Slope Construction

F-103348

6.3.1 All hillside grading and construction of fill slopes should conform to the minimum standards listed in Chapter 18 of the 2022 California Building Code. It is recommended that a representative of this firm review the

October 24, 2023

- grading plans prior to grading and site development. 6.3.2 Fill slopes should be keyed and benched into firm natural ground when the existing slope to receive fill is 10:1, horizontal to vertical, or steeper. The keys should be tilted into the slope, should be a minimum of one equipment width wide, and should extend a minimum of three
- (3) feet deep at the outside edge. 6.3.3 Fill slopes should be overfilled, compacted, and cut back to planned configurations. This will yield better compaction on the slope faces than other methods.

(horizontal to vertical). Setbacks of structures from slopes should be

6.3.4 Lined drainage swales and down drains should be provided at the tops of all cut and fill slopes to divert drainage away from the slope faces. 6.3.5 Cut and fill slopes should not be constructed steeper than 2:1

# maintained as per the 2022 California Building Code.

6.4 <u>Utility Trenches</u> 6.4.1 Utility trench backfill should be governed by the provisions of this report relating to minimum compaction standards. In general, service lines inside of the property lines may be backfilled with native soils and compacted to a minimum of 90% of maximum dry density. Backfill of offsite service lines will be subject to the specifications of the

jurisdictional agency or this report, whichever is more stringent.

6.4.2 A representative of this firm is to monitor compliance with these

- recommendations.
- 6.5 <u>Structural Design Foundations</u>
- 6.5.1 Conventional continuous footings may be used for support of the
- 6.5.2 Footings should bear entirely into firm recompacted soils. 6.5.3 Based on the project soil conditions, it is assumed that the footings will extend a minimum of eighteen (18) inches below lowest adjacent
- 6.5.4 Conventional continuous footings may be designed based on an
- 6.5.5 Allowable bearing values are net (weight of footing and soils surcharge may be neglected) and are applicable for dead plus reasonable live

allowable bearing value of 1650 psf.

reduce moisture transmission from the subgrade soils to the slab. The membrane should be placed at mid-height in the clean sand. 6.6.5 Reinforcement and slab thickness should be determined by the Project Structural Engineer. 6.6.6 Soils underlying slabs in the "Very Low" expansion range, as a

of concrete.

Santa Barbara, CA 93109 Santa Barbara, California

Geotechnical Engineering Report

exercised in this locality at the time this report was prepared.

recommendations of this report are successfully implemented.

Respectfully submitted,

Geotechnical Engineer

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thickness not greater than eight (8) inches should be compacted to a minimum of 90% of maximum dry density obtainable by the ASTM D 6.1.5 Import soils used to raise site grade should be equal to or better than

geotechnical engineering firm. Final comments on the characteristics of the import soils will be offered after the material is at the project site.

- 6.1.6 Roof draining systems should be designed so that water is not 6.1.7 Final site grade should be such that all water is permanently diverted away from the structures and is not allowed to pond. The ground immediately adjacent to the buildings shall be sloped 5% for a minimum of ten (10) feet measured perpendicular to the face of the wall. All diverted water is to be directed to an approved drainage.
- over the course of the life of the structures. Proper long-term performance of the foundation and building pad may be compromised 6.1.9 It is recommended that Beacon Geotechnical, Inc. be retained to provide intermittent geotechnical engineering services during site
- subsurface conditions differ from those anticipated prior to the start of construction. Inc. prior to grading. Plans should include the grading plans, and
- 6.1.12 All water associated with drainage and runoff should not be discharged onto slope faces. All outflow of drainage structures and drainage facilities should be designed by the project Civil Engineer to minimize

F-103348

6.2 <u>Specific Site Development, Grading Pads, and Foundation Excavations</u> 6.2.1 Due to the presence of low density soils at shallow bearing depths,

feet of compacted soils below the bottom of all footings, and

not be greater than ten (10) feet in order to maintain the

be hauled off site when adequate placement area is not available at

exposed surface should be scarified, moisture conditioned and recompacted.

6.2.6 Although not encountered in our borings, should any trash, debris or subsurface structures be encountered during grading, removals will be necessary to adequate depths and horizontal limits as recommended

specific grading observation requirements.

T-1.3

F-103348

Interior Design

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#### 6.7 <u>Structural Design – Lateral Resistance Parameters</u>

- 6.7.1 Resistance to lateral loading may be provided by friction acting on the base of foundations. A coefficient of friction of 0.33 may be applied to dead load forces. This value does not include a factor of safety.
- 6.7.2 Passive resistance acting on the sides of foundation stems equal to 275 pcf of equivalent fluid weight may be included for resistance to lateral load. This value does not include a factor of safety.
- 6.7.3 A one-third increase in the quoted passive value may be used when considering transient loads such as wind and seismicity.

#### 6.8 <u>Structural Design – Settlement Considerations</u>

- 6.8.1 Maximum expected settlements approximately 3/4 inches are
- anticipated for foundations and floor slabs designed as recommended. 6.8.2 Differential settlement between adjacent load bearing members should be less than one-half the total settlement.
- 6.8.3 The majority of settlement should occur during construction. Post construction settlement should be minimal.

#### 6.9 <u>Structural Design – Retaining Walls</u>

6.9.1 Conventional cantilever retaining walls bearing in soils prepared in accordance with the "Grading Pads – Site Development and Foundation Excavations" section of this report and backfilled with compacted soils may be designed for the lateral pressures listed below:

> Active Case 35 pcf At Rest Case 55 pcf Passive Case 275 pcf 1650 psf Max. Toe Pressure Coefficient of Sliding Friction 0.33

- 6.9.2 Retaining walls extending greater than six (6) feet in height should be designed for an additional seismic horizontal line load of 25H<sup>2</sup> (#/ft-ofwall) assumed to be acting at a height of 0.6H (ft) above the base of the wall, where H is the height of the wall in feet. This seismic surcharge should be added to an active pressure design utilizing an active pressure of 35 psf.
- 6.9.3 It should be noted that where structural retaining walls would otherwise be designed based on an at-rest pressure case, the seismicand-active design results should be compared to the at-rest design results and the governing conditions should be used for the purpose of the project.

6.9.4 In addition to the static soil pressures described above, it is important to note that the active pressure condition will only fully develop if the retaining wall structure is allowed to move a sufficient distance. The necessary lateral movements required to establish the active pressure condition are shown below,

> 0.001H - 0.004HNon-Expansive Granular Soil 0.01H - 0.04HExpansive Cohesive Soil where H represents the height of the wall. At-rest pressures should be used for design purposes where retaining wall systems connected or adjacent to building structures would be adversely affected by the

- above referenced lateral displacements. 6.9.5 Design pressures noted above are applicable to a horizontally retained surface behind the wall. Walls having a retained surface that slopes upward from the wall should be designed for an additional equivalent fluid pressure of 1 pcf for the active case and 1.5 pcf for the at-rest case, for every two degrees of slope inclination. Walls positioned on or near descending slopes should be evaluated by this firm on an individual basis.
- 6.9.6 The pressures listed above were based on the assumption that backfilled soils will be compacted to 90% of maximum dry density as determined by ASTM D 1557 Test Method.
- 6.9.7 The lateral earth pressure to be resisted by the retaining walls or similar structures should include the loads from any structures or temporary loads that influence the wall design.
- 6.9.8 A back drain or an equivalent system of backfill drainage should be incorporated into the retaining wall design. Backfill immediately behind the retaining structure should be a free-draining granular material. Alternatively, the back of the wall could be lined with a geodrain
- 6.9.9 Compaction on the uphill side of the wall within a horizontal distance equal to one wall height should be performed by hand-operated or other lightweight compaction equipment. This is intended to reduce potential "locked-in" lateral pressures caused by compaction with heavy grading equipment.
- 6.9.10 Water should not be allowed to pond near the top of the wall. To accomplish this, the final backfill site grade should be such that all water is diverted away from the retaining wall.

#### 7 REFERENCES CITED

BEACON GEOTECHNICAL, INC.

USGS, Online, Geologic Hazards Science Center, United States Geological Society, in Cooperation with California Geological Society (CGS), www.geohazards.usgs.gov/qfaults/ca/California.php

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#### 8 ADDITIONAL SERVICES

This report is based on the assumption that an adequate program of monitoring and testing will be performed by Beacon Geotechnical, Inc. during construction to check compliance with the recommendations given in this report. The recommended tests and observations include, but are not necessarily limited to the following:

- 8.1 Review of the building and grading plans during the design phase of the
- 8.2 Observation and testing during site preparation, grading, placing of engineered fill, and foundation construction.
- 8.3 Consultation as required during construction.

- 9.1 The analysis and recommendations submitted in this report are based in part upon the data obtained from the borings drilled on site. The nature and extent of variations between and beyond the borings may not become evident until construction. If variations then appear evident, it may be
- 9.2 The scope of our services did not include environmental assessment or geological study. The scope of services did not include investigation for the presence or absence of wetlands, hazardous or toxic materials in the soil, surface water, groundwater, or air. Any statements in this report or on the soil boring logs regarding odors, unusual or suspicious items or conditions
- 9.3 Findings of this report are valid as of this date, however, changes in a condition of a property can occur with passage of time whether they be due to natural processes or works of man on this or adjacent properties. In addition, changes in applicable or appropriate standard may occur whether they result from legislation or broadening knowledge. Accordingly, findings of this report may be invalidated wholly or partially by changes outside our control. Therefore, this report is subject to review and should not be relied
- 9.4 In the event that any changes in the nature, design, or location of the structure and other improvements are planned, the conclusions and recommendations contained in this report shall not be considered valid unless the changes are reviewed, and conclusions of this report modified or

9.5 This report is issued with the understanding that it is the responsibility of the owner or his representatives to ensure the information and recommendations offered herein are called to the attention of the project architect and engineers. It is also the responsibility of the owner or his representatives to ensure the information and recommendations offered herein are incorporated into the project plans and specifications and the necessary steps are taken to see that the contractor and subcontractors carry out such recommendations in the field.

9.6 Beacon Geotechnical, Inc. has prepared this report for the exclusive use of the client and authorized agents. This report has been prepared in accordance with generally accepted geotechnical engineering practices. No other warranties, either expressed or implied, are made as to the professional advice provided under the terms of this agreement.

9.7 It is recommended that Beacon Geotechnical, Inc. be provided the opportunity for a general review of final design and specifications in order that earthwork and foundation recommendations may be properly interpreted and implemented in the design and specifications. If Beacon Geotechnical, Inc. is not accorded the privilege of making this recommended review, we can assume no responsibility for misinterpretation of our recommendations.

**END OF TEXT** Appendices

#### 9 PROJECT LIMITATIONS AND UNIFORMITY OF CONDITIONS

# necessary to re-evaluate the recommendations of this report.

- observed are strictly for the information of the client.
- upon after a period of one (1) year.
- verified in writing.

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**Vicinity Map** Site Plan

**Quaternary Fault Map Investigation Parameters** 

**Unified Soil Classification Table** 

**Boring Logs** 

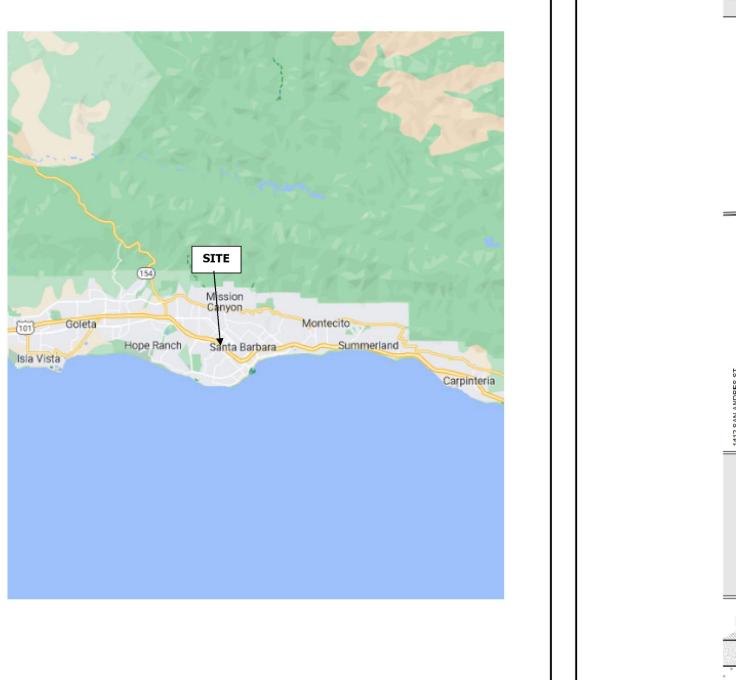
# INVESTIGATION PARAMETERS

- existing ground surface to observe the soil profile and to obtain samples for laboratory analysis. The borings were drilled on October 3, 2023 using a mobile drill rig and/or hand auguring equipment. The approximate locations of the borings were determined in the field by pacing and sighting and are shown on the Site Plan in this Appendix.
- Bulk samples of the soils encountered were gathered from the auger
- The final logs of borings represent our interpretation of the contents of the field logs and the results of laboratory testing performed on the samples obtained during the subsurface investigation. The final logs are included in this Appendix.

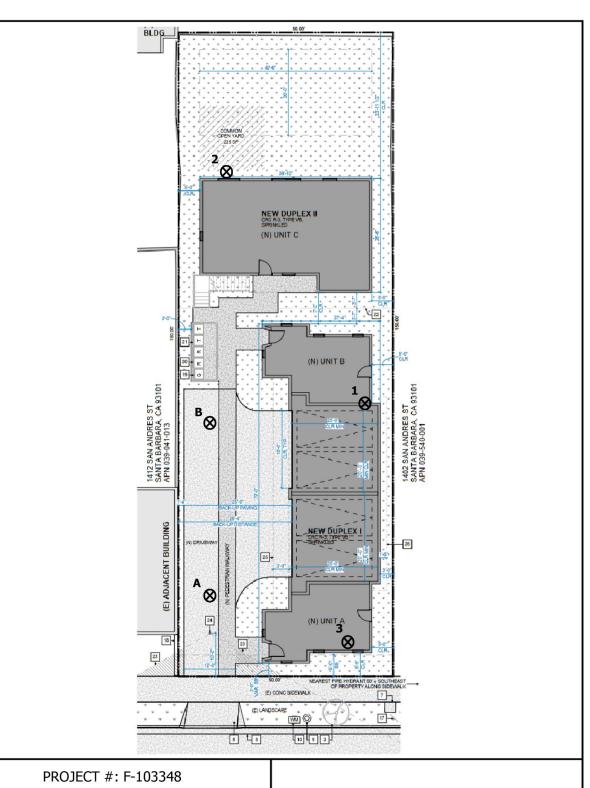
The borings were drilled to a maximum depth of twenty (20) feet below the

13

- Blow counts were obtained within the test borings with Standard Penetration Test (S.P.T.) equipment. The blow counts were obtained by driving the sampler with a 140-pound hammer dropping thirty (30) inches in accordance with ASTM D 1586-11.



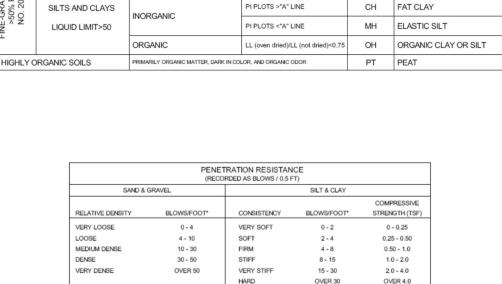
PROJECT #: F-103348	
BEACON GEOTECHNICAL, INC.	VICINITY MAP



(E) LANDS	ONG SIDEWALK  7  ARE  WIND  10  19  2
DEACON CEOTECHNICAL INC	SITE MAP

	Map Showing Nearby Quaternary Aged Faults (USGS, Online)					
	PROJECT #: F-103348	OUATERNARY FAILLT MAR				
	BEACON GEOTECHNICAL, INC.	QUATERNARY FAULT MAP				

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*



UNITED SOIL CLASSIFICATION (ASTM D-2487)

C<sub>u</sub>≥ 4 AND 1≤ C<sub>o</sub>≤ 3

C<sub>u</sub>≥ 6 AND 1≤ C<sub>o</sub>≤ 3

C<sub>u</sub>≥ 6 AND/OR 1≥ Cc≥ 3

FINES CLASSIFY AS ML OR CL

FINES CLASSIFY AS CL OR CH

FINES CLASSIFY AS CL OR CH

PI>7 AND PLOTS>"A" LINE

>4 AND PLOTS<"A" LINE

INES CLASSIFY AS ML OR MH SM SILTY SAND

SOIL GROUP NAMES

GW WELL-GRADED GRAVEL

GM SILTY GRAVEL

CL LEAN CLAY

ML SILT

L (oven dried)/LL (not dried)<0.75 OL ORGANIC CLAY OR SILT

GC CLAYEY GRAVEL

SW WELL-GRADED SAND

GP POORLY-GRADED GRAVEL

CRITERIA FOR ASSIGNING SOIL GROUP NAMES

GRAVELS WITH FINES

ON NO 4. SIEVE

SANDS

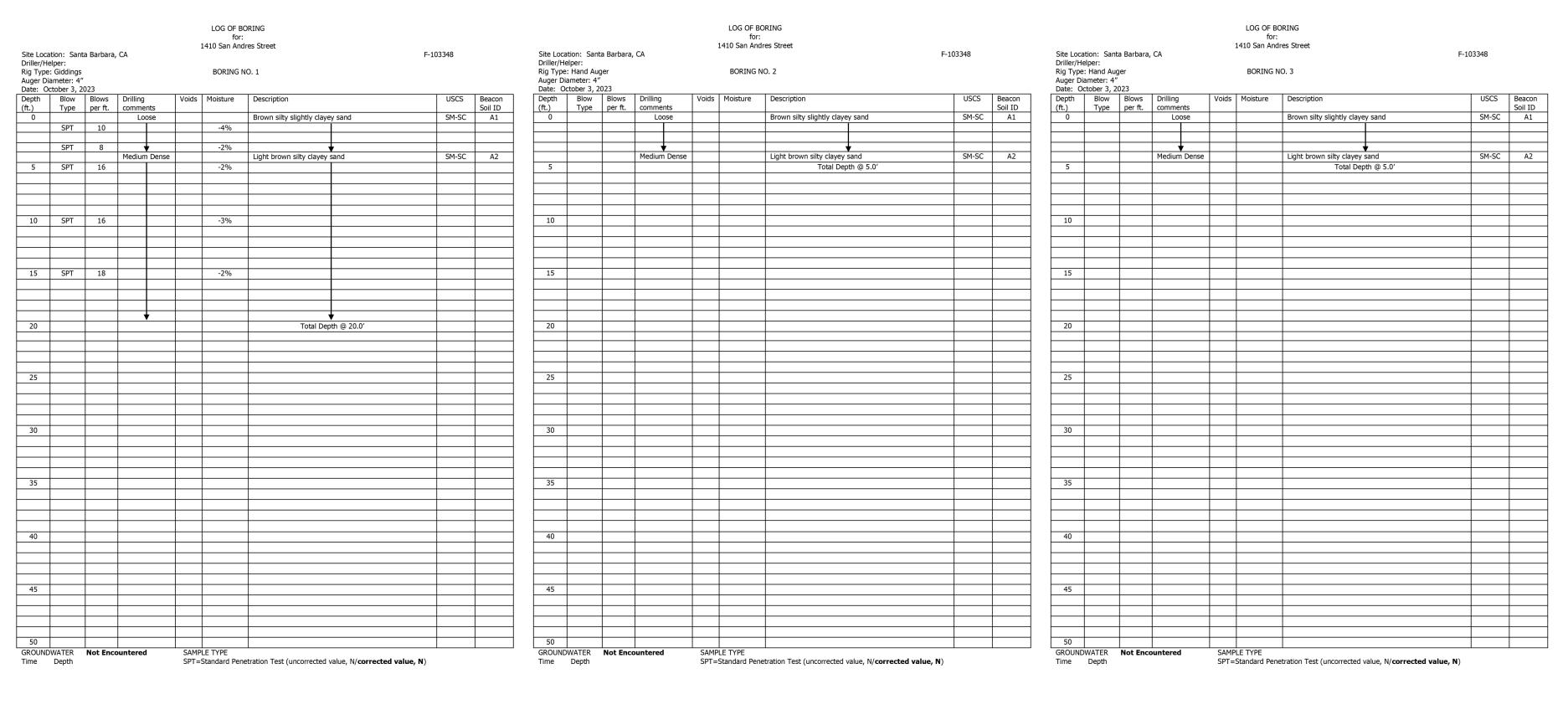
RACTION PASSES ON NO 4. SIEVE

SILTS AND CLAYS

LIQUID LIMIT<50

F-103348	- UNITED SOIL CLASSIFICATION CHART
BEACON GEOTECHNICAL, INC.	- UNITED SOIL CLASSIFICATION CHART

NUMBER OF BLOWS OF 140 LB HAMMER FALLING 30 INCHES TO DRIVE A 2 INCH O.D. (1-3/I



# APPENDIX B

**Laboratory Testing Parameters Laboratory Results** Bench & Keyway Detail **Transition Lot Detail** 2022 CBC -- Table 1705.6

## LABORATORY PARAMETERS

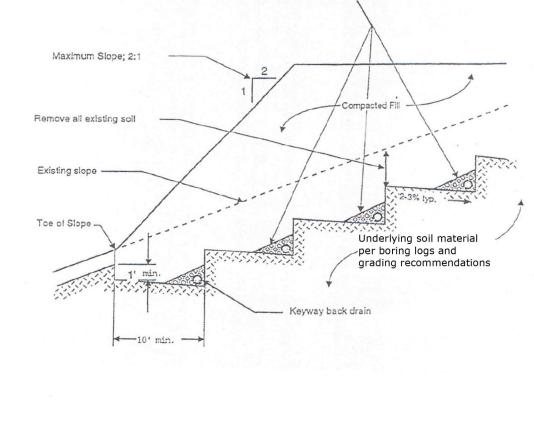
- Samples were reviewed along with field logs to determine which would be analyzed further. Those chosen for laboratory analysis were considered representative of soils that would be exposed and/or used during grading, and those deemed to be within the influence of the proposed structure. Test results are presented in this Appendix.
- ASTM D2487-11 Standard Practice for Classification of Soils for Engineering Purposes (Unified Soil Classification System)
- ASTM D1557-12e1 Standard Test Methods for Laboratory Compaction Characteristics of Soil Using Modified Effort
- ASTM D2216-10 Standard Test Methods for Laboratory Determination of Water (Moisture) Content of Soil and Rock by Mass
- ASTM D4318-10e1 Standard Test Methods for Liquid Limit, Plastic Limit, and Plasticity Index of Soils

ASTM D4829-11 Standard Test Method for Expansion Index of Soils

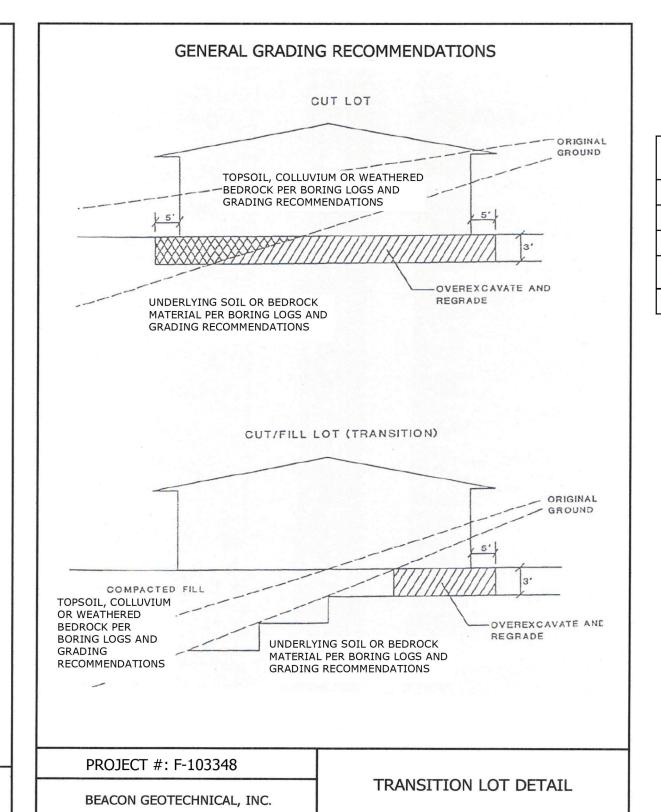
 ASTM D422-63(2007)e2-Historical Version Standard Test Method for Particle Size Analysis of Soils

# (Typical) NOT TO SCALE Additional bench back drains

BENCH AND KEYWAY DETAIL



PROJECT #: F-103348	
BEACON GEOTECHNICAL, INC.	BENCH AND KEYWAY DETAIL



#### **TABLE 1705.6** REQUIRED SPECIAL INSPECTIONS AND TESTS OF SOILS

TYPE	CONTINUOUS SPECIAL INSPECTION	PERIODIC SPECIAL INSPECTION
1. Verify materials below shallow foundations are adequate to achieve the design bearing capacity.	_	×
2. Verify excavations are extended to proper depth and have reached proper material.	_	×
3. Perform classification and testing of compacted fill materials.	_	×
4. During fill placement, verify use of proper materials and procedures in accordance with the provisions of the approved geotechnical report. Verify densities and lift thicknesses during placement and compaction of compacted fill.	Х	_
5. Prior to placement of compacted fill, inspect subgrade and verify that site has been prepared properly.	-	X

## LABORATORY RESULTS

	Boring Depth	USCS	Max. Density (pcf)	Opt. Moisture (%)	E.I.
Material A1	1@0′-4′	SM-SC	117.5	10.3	9
Material A2	1@4′-20′	SM-SC	118.2	10.6	16



P.I.

ON DESIGN, LL Architecture Planning Interior Design

> Keith Nolan C -22541

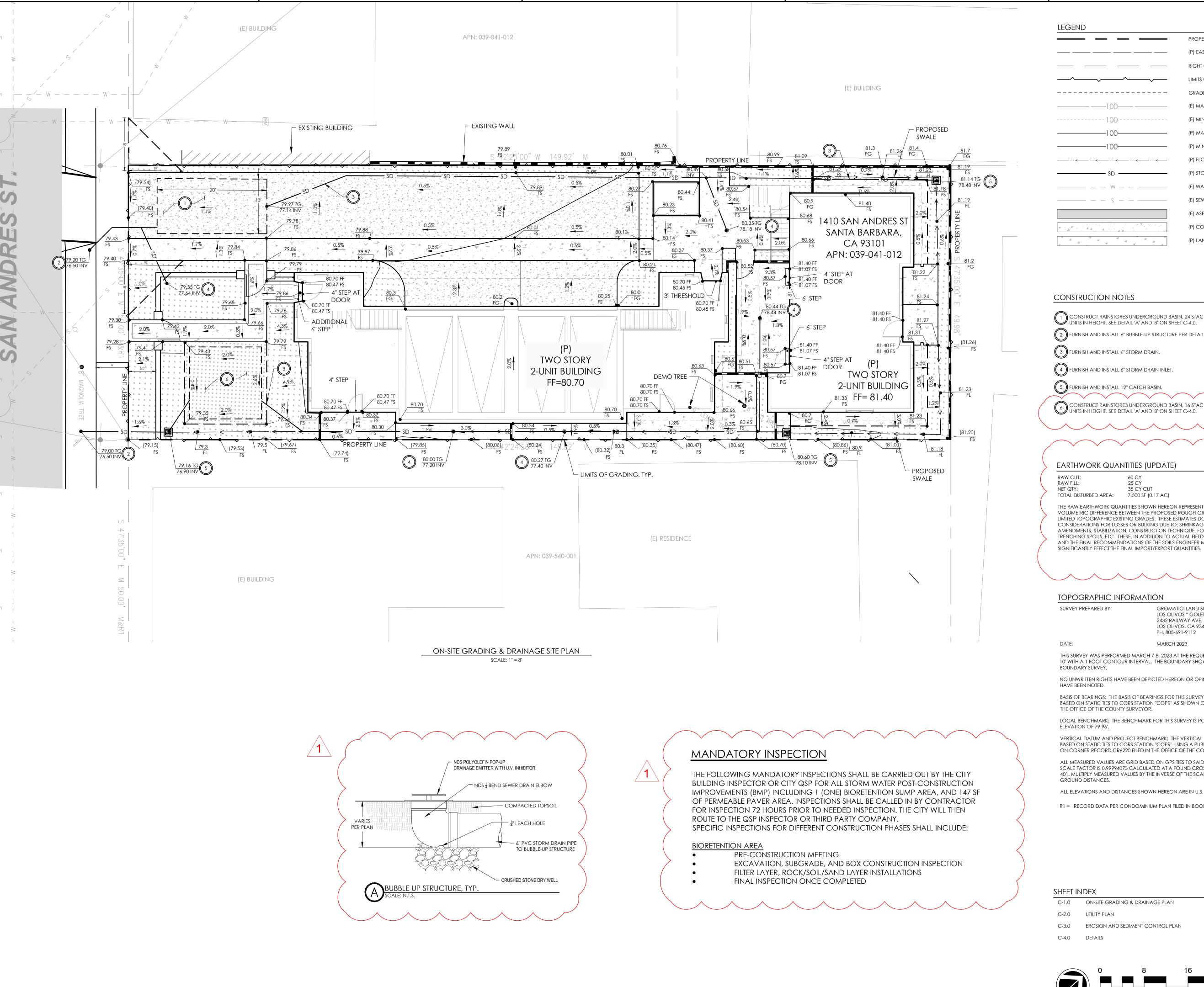
Diagram 0

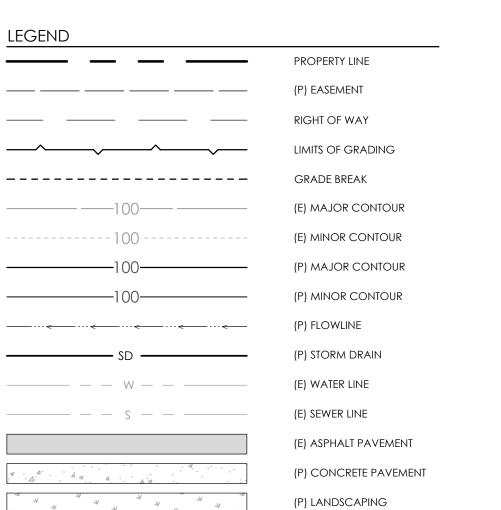
Revision Schedule

PLN#1 12.20.23

Project Manager Designer

PrintDate 12/21/2023 11:19:10 AM





#### CONSTRUCTION NOTES

(1) CONSTRUCT RAINSTORE3 UNDERGROUND BASIN, 24 STACKS (6 BY 3) OF 6 UNITS IN HEIGHT. SEE DETAIL 'A' AND 'B' ON SHEET C-4.0.

( 2 )) FURNISH AND INSTALL 6" BUBBLE-UP STRUCTURE PER DETAIL 'A', THIS SHEET.

((3)) furnish and install 6" storm drain.

 $igg(\!\!ig($  4  $ig)\!\!ig)$  furnish and install 6" storm drain inlet.

(5) furnish and install 12" Catch basin.

CONSTRUCT RAINSTORES UNDERGROUND BASIN, 16 STACKS (4 BY 4) OF 4 INITS IN HEIGHT. SEE DETAIL 'A' AND 'B' ON SHEET C-4.0.

#### EARTHWORK QUANTITIES (UPDATE)

25 CY 35 CY CUT

THE RAW EARTHWORK QUANTITIES SHOWN HEREON REPRESENT THE ESTIMATED VOLUMETRIC DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE PROPOSED ROUGH GRADE AND THE LIMITED TOPOGRAPHIC EXISTING GRADES. THESE ESTIMATES DO NOT MAKE CONSIDERATIONS FOR LOSSES OR BULKING DUE TO: SHRINKAGE, SOIL AMENDMENTS, STABILIZATION, CONSTRUCTION TECHNIQUE, FOOTING & TRENCHING SPOILS, ETC. THESE, IN ADDITION TO ACTUAL FIELD CONDITIONS AND THE FINAL RECOMMENDATIONS OF THE SOILS ENGINEER MAY

# TOPOGRAPHIC INFORMATION

GROMATICI LAND SURVEYING, INC.

LOS OLIVOS \* GOLETA 2432 RAILWAY AVE, SUITES I & J LOS OLIVOS, CA 93441 PH. 805-691-9112

MARCH 2023

THIS SURVEY WAS PERFORMED MARCH 7-8, 2023 AT THE REQUEST OF LONNIE ROY AT A SCALE OF 1" = 10' WITH A 1 FOOT CONTOUR INTERVAL. THE BOUNDARY SHOWN HEREON REPRESENTS A COMPLETE

NO UNWRITTEN RIGHTS HAVE BEEN DEPICTED HEREON OR OPINIONS REGARDING UNWRITTEN RIGHTS

BASIS OF BEARINGS: THE BASIS OF BEARINGS FOR THIS SURVEY IS CCS83 ZONE V (2017.5 EPOCH), BASED ON STATIC TIES TO CORS STATION "COPR" AS SHOWN ON CORNER RECORD CR6220 FILED IN THE OFFICE OF THE COUNTY SURVEYOR.

LOCAL BENCHMARK: THE BENCHMARK FOR THIS SURVEY IS POINT 402 AS LISTED HEREON HAVING AN

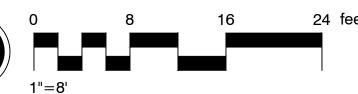
VERTICAL DATUM AND PROJECT BENCHMARK: THE VERTICAL DATUM FOR THIS SURVEY IS NAVD'88 BASED ON STATIC TIES TO CORS STATION "COPR" USING A PUBLISHED ELEVATION OF 45.41' AS SHOWN ON CORNER RECORD CR6220 FILED IN THE OFFICE OF THE COUNTY SURVEYOR. ALL MEASURED VALUES ARE GRID BASED ON GPS TIES TO SAID CORS STATION. THE SITE COMBINED

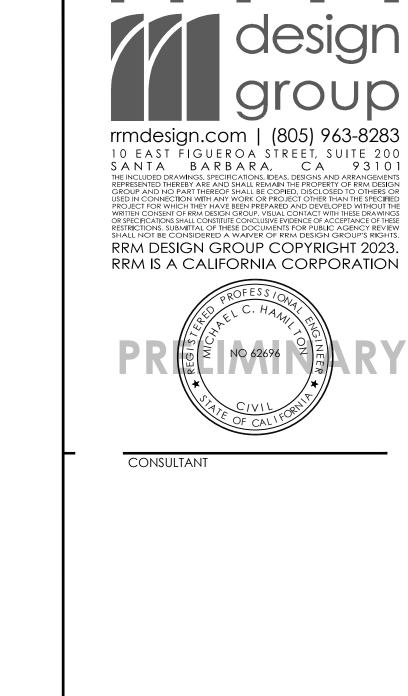
SCALE FACTOR IS 0.99994073 CALCULATED AT A FOUND CROSS ON CURB LISTED HEREON AS POINT 401. MULTIPLY MEASURED VALUES BY THE INVERSE OF THE SCALE FACTOR (1.00005927) TO OBTAIN

ALL ELEVATIONS AND DISTANCES SHOWN HEREON ARE IN U.S. SURVEY FEET.

R1 = RECORD DATA PER CONDOMINIUM PLAN FILED IN BOOK 196, PAGES 7-9 OF CONDOMINIUMS.

C-3.0 EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN





**AGENCY** 

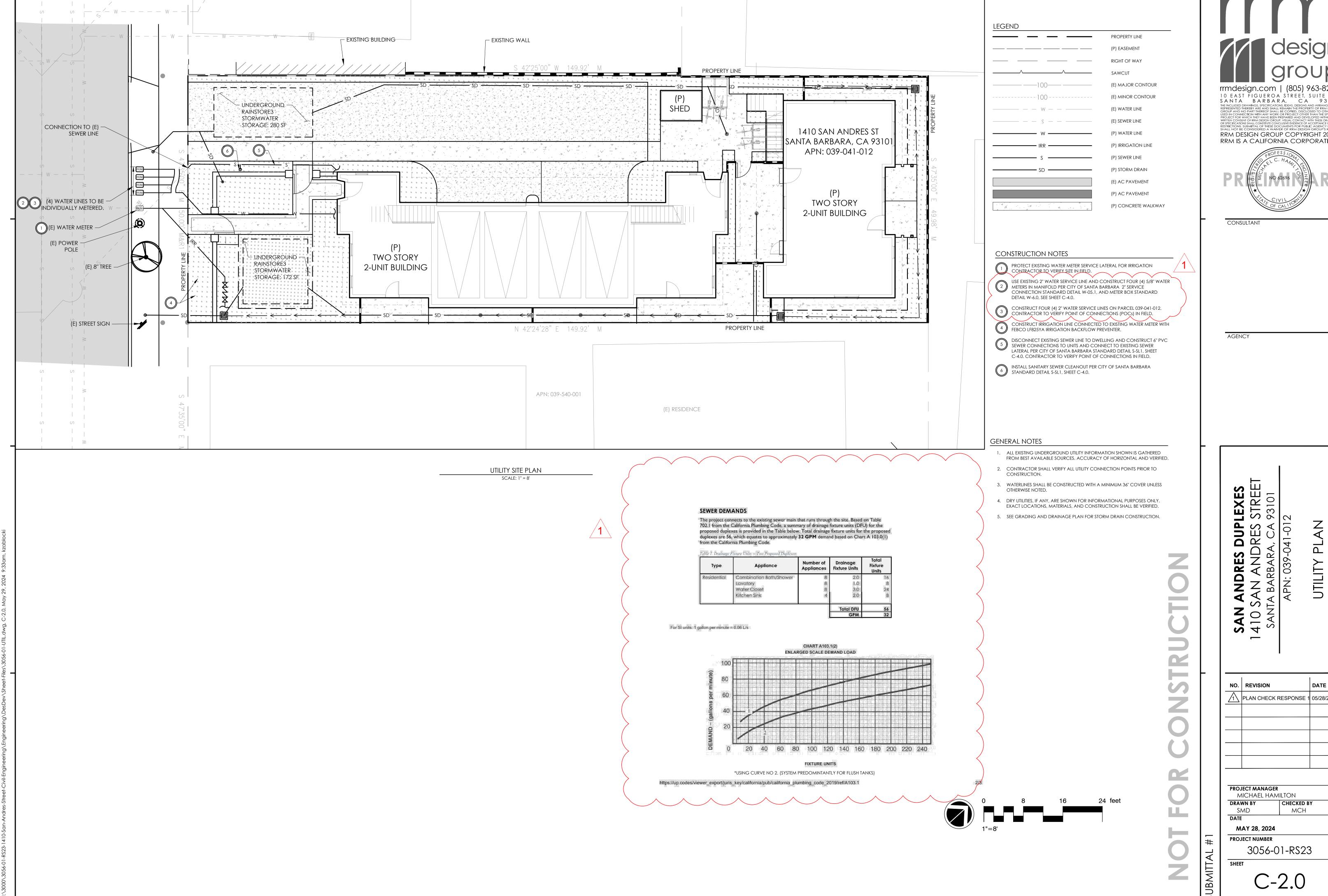
DATE NO. REVISION /1\ PLAN CHECK RESPONSE 1 05/28/24

2 4 ×

PROJECT MANAGER MICHAEL HAMILTON DRAWN BY CHECKED BY SMD MCH

MAY 28, 2024 PROJECT NUMBER

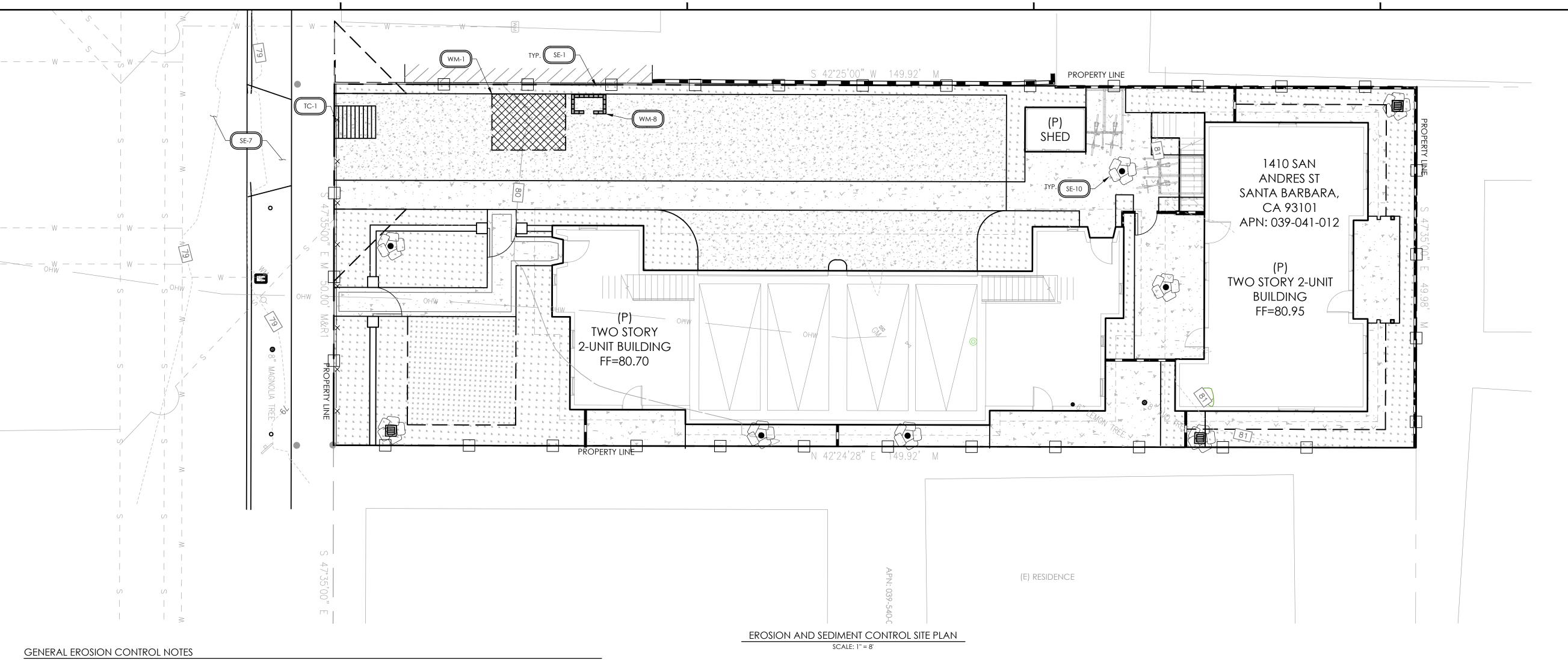
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rrmdesign.com | (805) 963-8283 10 EAST FIGUEROA STREET, SUITE 200 SANTA BARBARA, CA 93101 RRM DESIGN GROUP COPYRIGHT 2023. RRM IS A CALIFORNIA CORPORATION



DATE /1\ PLAN CHECK RESPONSE 1 05/28/24



- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE OR DESIGNATE A QUALIFIED QSP. THE QSP (QUALIFIED SWPPP PRACTITIONER) SHALL HAVE THE APPROPRIATE TRAINING AND OVERSEE ALL IMPLEMENTATION OF THE SWPPP AND IT'S REQUIREMENTS. THE QSP SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ALL INSPECTIONS AND OBSERVATIONS OF THE BMP'S AND IMPLEMENTATION OF ANY CHANGES NEEDED TO BE IN CONFORMANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE GENERAL PERMIT. THE QSP SHALL HOLD A PRE-CONSTRUCTION MEETING WITH ALL CONTRACTORS AND SUBCONTRACTORS THAT WILL BE WORKING AT THE SITE AND INFORM THEM ON THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE GENERAL PERMIT AND THE SWPPP.
- 2. THE QSD (QUALIFIED SWPPP DEVELOPER) SHALL APPROVE AND CERTIFY ALL AMENDMENTS TO THE SWPPP AND THE ANNUAL CERTIFICATIONS
- 3. IF FAILURE OF ANY OF THE BMP'S SHOULD RESULT IN NTU'S THAT EXCEED THE LIMITS OF THE GENERAL PERMIT REQUIREMENTS, THE QSP SHALL IMPLEMENT THE CHANGES NECESSARY TO KEEP THE VIOLATION FROM HAPPENING AGAIN, AND REPORT THE VIOLATION VIA THE SMARTS SYSTEM PER THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE GENERAL PERMIT. (SEE SWPPP)
- 4. IF WATER MONITORING BECOMES NECESSARY PER THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE GENERAL PERMIT, THEN THE PERSON OR PERSONS DOING THE MONITORING SHALL HAVE THE APPROPRIATE TRAINING AND QUALIFICATION TO PERFORM SUCH MONITORING.
- 5. EROSION CONTROL SHEETS SHOWS THE WATER MONITORING LOCATION THAT HAS BEEN CHOSEN FOR THIS SITE BY THE QSD. THE QSD. THE QSD SHALL REVIEW THESE LOCATION AND REPORT BACK TO THE QSD IF THIS LOCATION IS DEEMED UNSAFE OR UNSUITABLE FOR ANY REASONS.
- 6. THE QSP SHALL ASSURE ALL SAFETY PRECAUTIONS NECESSARY HAVE BEEN IMPLEMENTED TO DO THE WATER MONITORING.
- 7. A STANDBY CREW FOR EMERGENCY WORK SHALL BE AVAILABLE AT ALL TIMES DURING THE RAINY SEASON (OCTOBER 15 THROUGH APRIL 15). NECESSARY MATERIALS SHALL BE AVAILABLE AND STOCKPILED AT CONVENIENT LOCATIONS TO FACILITATE RAPID CONSTRUCTION OF TEMPORARY DEVICES WHEN RAIN IS IMMINENT.
- 8. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL CONSTRUCT TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL MEASURES AS SHOWN ON THIS PLAN AND/OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER OR QSD TO CONTROL DRAINAGE WHICH HAS BEEN AFFECTED BY GRADING AND/OR TRENCHING
- 9. THE CONTRACTOR WILL BE ON CALL IN THE EVENT IT IS NECESSARY TO IMPLEMENT EROSION CONTROL MEASURES OR IN THE EVENT OF AN EMERGENCY.
- 10. ALL STORMWATER CONTROL MEASURES THAT ARE IDENTIFIED IN THE REAP SHALL BE IN PLACE MIN. OF 24 HRS. PRIOR TO FORECAST RAINS.
- 11. AFTER A RAINSTORM, ALL BMP'S SHALL BE INSPECTED AND ANY BUILDUP OF SEDIMENTS SHALL BE REMOVED AND DISPOSED OF IN AN APPROVED MANNER.
- 12. THE ENGINEER OF RECORD, QSD OR AN AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE MAY REQUIRE THE DEVELOPER AT ANY TIME TO INSTALL AND/OR CONSTRUCT ADDITIONAL DRAINAGE STRUCTURES AS NECESSARY TO PREVENT OR CONTROL EROSION.
- 13. THE EROSION CONTROL DEVICES ON THIS PLAN ARE A GENERAL CONCEPT OF WHAT MAY BE REQUIRED. EROSION CONTROL DEVICES MAY BE RELOCATED, DELETED OR ADDITIONAL ITEMS MAY BE REQUIRED DEPENDING ON THE ACTUAL SOIL CONDITIONS ENCOUNTERED. EROSION CONTROL DEVICES MAY BE PLACED AT THE DISCRETION OF THE QSP AS APPROVED BY THE QSD.
- 14. THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE TO KEEP IN FORCE ALL EROSION CONTROL DEVICES AND TO MODIFY THOSE DEVICES AS SITE PROGRESS DICTATES.
- 15. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL MONITOR THE EROSION CONTROL DEVICES DURING STORMS AND MODIFY THEM IN ORDER TO PREVENT PROGRESS OF ANY ONGOING EROSION.
- 16. THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR CLEANING ANY EROSION OR DEBRIS SPILLING ONTO A PUBLIC STREET DAILY.
- 17. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL CONTACT THE QSD IN THE EVENT THAT THE EROSION CONTROL PLAN AS DESIGNED REQUIRES ANY SUBSTANTIAL REVISIONS.
- 18. DURING GRADING OPERATIONS IF AN AREA OF DISTURBANCE IS TO REMAIN IDLE FOR A PERIOD OF 2 OR MORE WEEKS, THE DISTURBED AREAS SHALL BE COVERED WITH MULCH, STRAW OR SOME OTHER TYPE OF BMP TO PREVENT EROSION DURING RAIN EVENTS.
- 19. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE STREET SWEEPING ONGOING DURING CONSTRUCTION TO PREVENT ANY SEDIMENTS FROM BEING TRACKED OFF-SITE OR TO AREAS THAT MAY CONTRIBUTE TO SEDIMENTS BEING DEPOSITED INTO THE STORM DRAIN SYSTEM.
- 20. POST CONSTRUCTION BMP'S INCLUDING PLANTINGS, SHRUBS, GROUND COVER AND TREES AS SHOWN ON THE LANDSCAPING PLANS SHALL BE IN PLACE AS SOON AS PRACTICAL.
- 21. CONTRACTOR TO INSTALL SILT FENCING AT ALL PERIMETER LOCATIONS THAT HAVE THE POTENTIAL TO DISCHARGE STORMWATER OFF-SITE.
- 22. CONTRACTOR TO PROTECT ALL YARD AND LANDSCAPE AREA DRAINS FROM SEDIMENTS UNTIL LANDSCAPING IS COMPLETED AND VEGETATION ESTABLISHED.
- 23. GRAVEL BAGS ORIENTED TO SLOW THE FLOW OF STORM WATER RUNOFF SHALL BE PLACED IN THE CONCRETE GUTTERS IN THE ON-SITE ROADWAY TO HELP FILTER OUT ANY SEDIMENTS. THESE GRAVEL BAGS SHALL BE PLACED 50' O/C MAX. SEDIMENTS THAT ACCUMULATE AT THE GRAVEL BAGS SHALL BE REMOVED AFTER EACH RAIN EVENT.
- 24. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL KEEP TWO ACCEPTABLE RAIN GAUGES ON-SITE TO MONITOR RAIN EVENTS DURING CONSTRUCTION.
- 25. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL IMPLEMENT EFFECTIVE WIND EROSION CONTROLS.
- 26. IN THE EVENT OF A RELEASE OF A REPORTABLE QUANTITY OF A POLLUTANT, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL ADVISE THE OWNER TO NOTIFY THE NATIONAL RESPONSE CENTER AND THE COUNTY OF SANTA BARBARA. IF NECESSARY, THIS POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN SHOULD BE REVISED TO REFLECT THE CHANGE IN CONDITIONS OF THE CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY. A REPORTABLE QUANTITY IS ESTABLISHED BY THE 40 CODE OF FEDERAL REGULATIONS (CRI) 1117.3 OR 40 CFR 302.4.
- 27. EROSION CONTROL MEASURES SHALL BE IMPLEMENTED AND MAINTAINED TO THE SATISFACTION OF THE BUILDING OFFICIAL AND PUBLIC WORKS DIRECTOR DURING ALL DEMOLITIONS, CONSTRUCTION AND GROUND DISTURBING ACTIVITIES.
- 28. TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL MEASURES SHALL BE REMOVED WHEN PERMANENT IMPROVEMENTS, PLANTINGS, AND FACILITIES ARE IN PLACE. TEMPORARY MEASURES SHALL BE REMOVED PRIOR TO FINAL INSPECTION APPROVALS.
- 29. STOCKPILE MANAGEMENT SHALL BE IN CONFORMANCE WITH BMP WM-3 FROM THE CASQA STORM WATER BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICE CONSTRUCTION HANDBOOK.
- 30. SEE LANDSCAPING PLANS FOR MORE INFORMATION ON POST CONSTRUCTION VEGETATION BMP'S.

### SITE SPECIFIC EROSION CONTROL NOTES

- 1. PERIMETER CONTROL BMP'S AND STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCES SHALL BE IN PLACE PRIOR TO ANY GROUND DISTURBANCE.
- 2. THESE PLANS ARE INTENDED TO REPRESENT DIFFERENT PHASES DURING CONSTRUCTION. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL IMPLEMENT THE BMP'S SHOWN AND/OR ANY OTHER MEASURES NECESSARY DURING CONSTRUCTION TO BE IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE GENERAL PERMIT, IMPLEMENTATION OF THE THE BMP'S SHOWN ON THESE PLANS DO NOT RELIEVE THE OWNER OR HIS/HER REPRESENTATIVE FROM RESPONSIBILITY OF IMPLEMENTING ALL MEASURES NEEDED TO BE IN COMPLIANCE.
- 3. THE CONTRACTOR MAY UTILIZE RUMBLE PLATES IN LIEU OF RIP RAP AT THE CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCES AS LONG AS THEY ACCOMPLISH THE DESIRED
- 4. ANY SEDIMENTS TRACKED OFFSITE SHALL BE CLEANED DAILY BY MEANS OF STREET SWEEPERS.
- 5. ANY GRADED AREAS THAT ARE GOING TO SIT IDLE FOR MORE THAN TWO WEEKS, SHALL HAVE AN APPROPRIATE GROUND COVER BMP APPLIED. 6. THE LOCATIONS SHOWN FOR THE EQUIPMENT AND MATERIAL DELIVERY STORAGE AREAS AND CONCRETE WASTE CLEANOUT MAY BE RELOCATED DURING CONSTRUCTION.

### CASQA CONSTRUCTION SITE BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES (BMPs)

- EC-1: SCHEDULING EC-3: HYDRAULIC MULCH
- EC-4: HYDROSEEDING
- EC-5: SOIL BINDERS EC-6: STRAW MULCH
- EC-7: GEOTEXTILES, PLASTIC COVERS, & EROSION CONTROL BLANKETS/MATS
- EC-8: WOOD MULCHING EC-9: EARTH DIKES/DRAINAGE SWALES
- & LINED DITCHES
- EC-10: OUTLET PROTECTION/VELOCITY DISSIPATION DEVICES
- EC-11: SLOPE DRAINS
- EC-12: STREAMBANK STABILIZATION EC-13: RESERVED
- EC-14: COMPOST BLANKET EC-15: SOIL PREPARATION/ROUGHENING
- EC-16: NON-VEGETATIVE STABILIZATION

### NON-STORM WATER MANAGEMENT

- NS-1: WATER CONSERVATION PRACTICES NS-2: DEWATERING OPERATIONS NS-3: PAVING & GRINDING OPERATIONS NS-4: TEMPORARY STREAM CROSSING NS-5: CLEAR WATER DIVERSION
- DISHARGE DETECTION & REPORTING NS-7: POTABLE WATER/IRRIGATION NS-8: VEHICLE & EQUIPMENT CLEANII NS-9: VEHICLE & EQUIPMENT FUELING NS-10: VEHICLE & EQUIPMENT MAINTE NS-11: PILE DRIVING OPERATIONS NS-12: CONCRETE CURING

NS-6: ILLICIT CONNECTION/ILLEGAL

NS-13: CONCRETE FINISHING NS-14: MATERIAL OVER WATER NS-15: DEMOLITION OVER WATER NS-16: TEMPORARY BATCH PLANTS

## TEMPORARY SEDIMENT CONTROL

- SE-1: SILT FENCE
- SE-2: SEDIMENT/DESILTING BASIN SE-3: SEDIMENT TRAP
- SE-4: CHECK DAM
- SE-5: FIBER ROLLS SE-6: GRAVEL BAG BERM
- SE-7: STREET SWEEPING & VACUUMING SE-8: SANDBAG BARRIER
- SE-9: STRAW BALE BARRIER SE-10: STORM DRAIN INLET PROTECTION SE-11: ACTIVE TREATMENT SYSTEMS
- SE-12: MANUFACTURED LINEAR SEDIMENT CONTROLS (MLSC)
- SE-13: COMPOST SOCKS & BERMS SE-14: BIOFILTR BAGS

# TC-1: STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE/EXIT

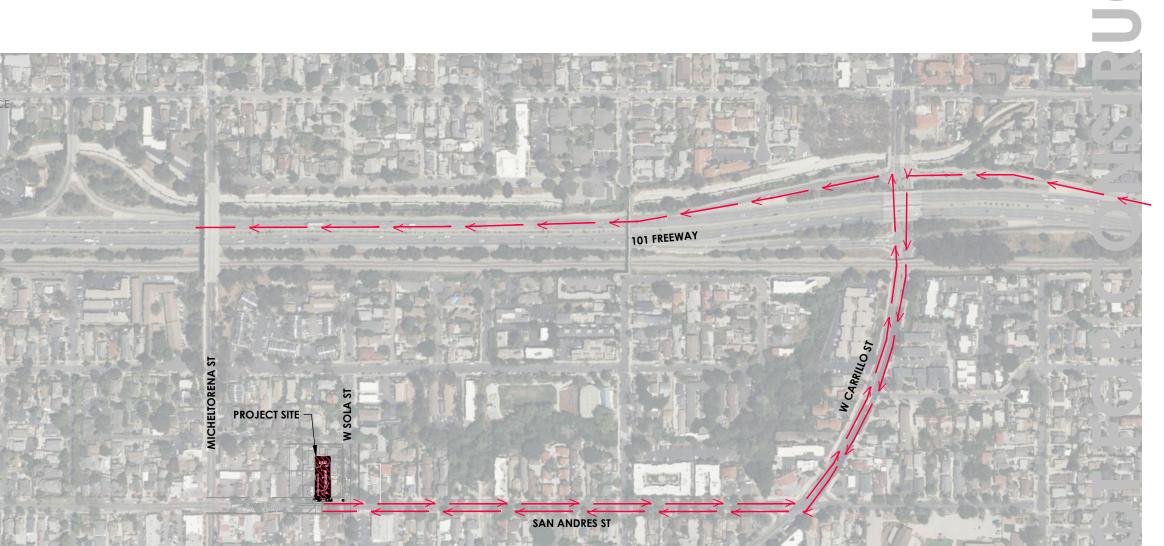
- TC-2: STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ROADWAY TC-3: ENTRANCE/OUTLET TIRE WASH

## WE-1: WIND EROSION CONTROL

- WM-1: MATERIAL DELIVERY & STORAGE
- WM-2: MATERIAL USE WM-3: STOCKPILE MANAGEMENT
- WM-4: SPILL PREVENTION & CONTROL
- WM-5: SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT
- WM-6: HAZARDOUS WASTE MANAGEMENT
- WM-8: CONCRETE WASTE MANAGEMENT
- WM-7: CONTAMINATED SOIL MANAGEMENT WM-9: SANITARY/SEPTIC WASTE MANAGEMENT WM-10: LIQUID WASTE MANAGEMENT

- LEGEND
- SE-1: SILT FENCE
  - TC-1: STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION
  - ENTRANCE/EXIT
  - WM-1: MATERIAL DELIVERY & STORAGE CONSTRUCTION STAGING AREA
- WM-8: CONCRETE WASTE MANAGEMENT
- SE-10: STORM DRAIN INLET PROTECTION
- SE-7: STREET SWEEPING & VACUUMING

\* REFERS TO BMP DESIGNATION GIVEN IN THE CASQA STORMWATER BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICE CONSTRUCTION HANDBOOK. SEE HANDBOOK FOR BMP DETAILS AND IMPLEMENTATION STRATEGIES.



CONSTRUCTION HAUL/DELIVERY ROUTE



**8** 4

rrmdesign.com | (805)

CONSULTANT

**AGENCY** 

10 EAST FIGUEROA STREET, SUITE 200

SANTA BARBARA, CA 93101

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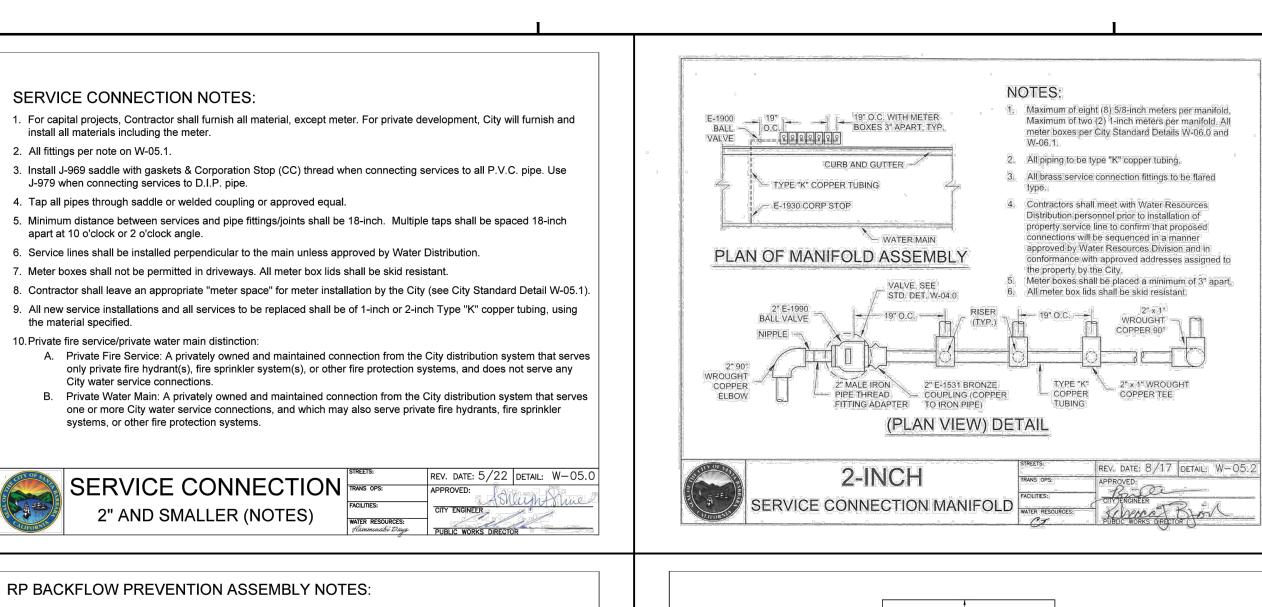
RRM IS A CALIFORNIA CORPORATION

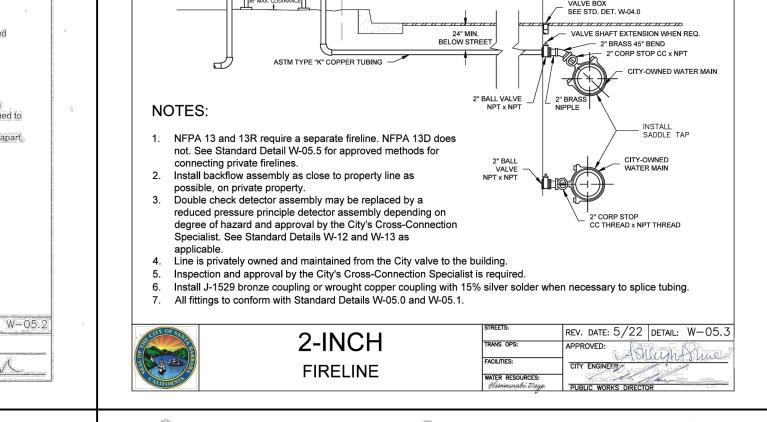
DATE NO. REVISION /1\ |PLAN CHECK RESPONSE 1 05/28/24

**PROJECT MANAGER** MICHAEL HAMILTON DRAWN BY CHECKED BY SMD MCH

MAY 28, 2024 PROJECT NUMBER

SHEET





1. The Double Check Valve Assembly must be installed where it is accessible for periodic testing and

2. PRIOR TO INSTALLING IN LINE, FLUSH SUPPLY LINE OF ALL FOREIGN MATERIAL. Failure to flush the lines completely may cause the checks to become fouled and require disassembly and

4. When threading the device in line, place wrench only on ball valve hex ends. Keep pipe dope off

6. The device must be protected from freezing. Thermal water expansion and/or water hammer

situations should be eliminated to avoid possible damage to the system and device.

All potable dedicated fire lines will be required to have double check detector check.

BACKFLOW PREVENTION ASSEMBLY (TYPE 2) NOTES WATER RESOURCES:

interior surfaces of valve. On 2-1/2-inch and larger devices, DO NOT LIFT THE DEVICE WITH GATE

VALVE HANDWHEELS OR STEMS. ALSO DO NOT SUPPORT DEVICE FROM ONLY ONE END.

5. After installation, fill device and bleed air from unit. Test to ensure proper operation. If either check fails to hold 1.0 PSI, it is most likely due to fouling. The cap must be removed and the seat and/or seat disc

downstream of the backflow preventer can cause excessive pressure increases. Excessive pressure

8. Any backflow prevention assembly installed overhead (5' or more) must have a permanent platform

9. Refer to Uniform Plumbing Code (UPC) chapter 6, sections 603.00 thru 603.4.20 for more information.

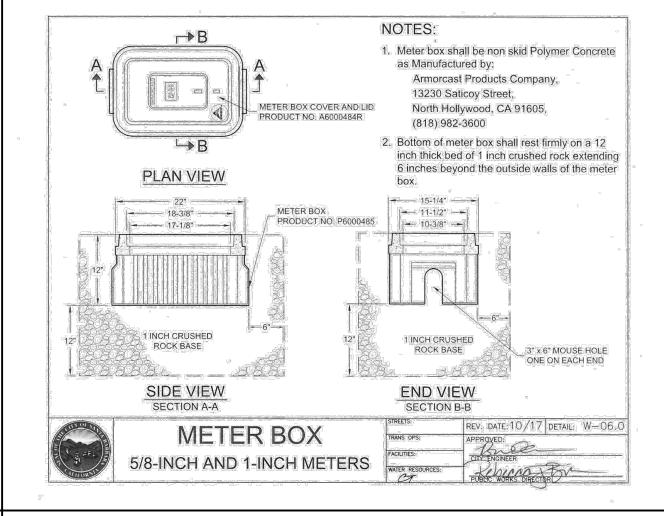
3. The device shall only be installed per manufacturer's specifications.

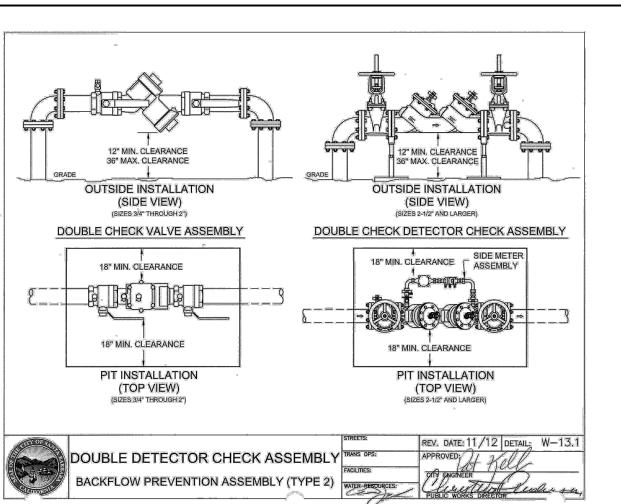
DOUBLE DETECTOR CHECK ASSEMBLY

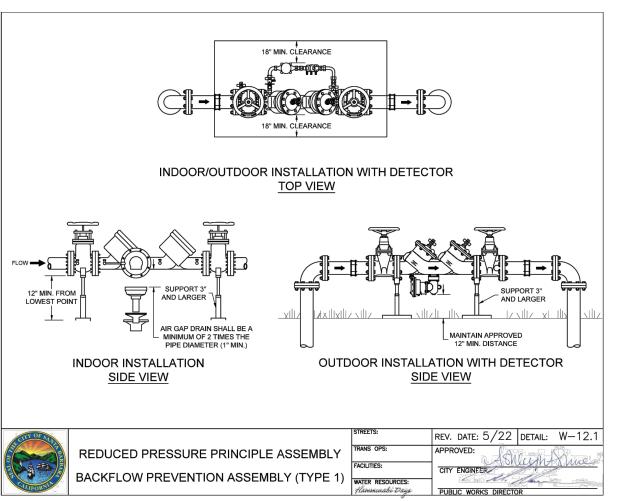
DOUBLE CHECK DETECTOR ASSEME (SEE STANDARD DETAIL W-13.0 ANI NOTE 3 THIS PAGE)

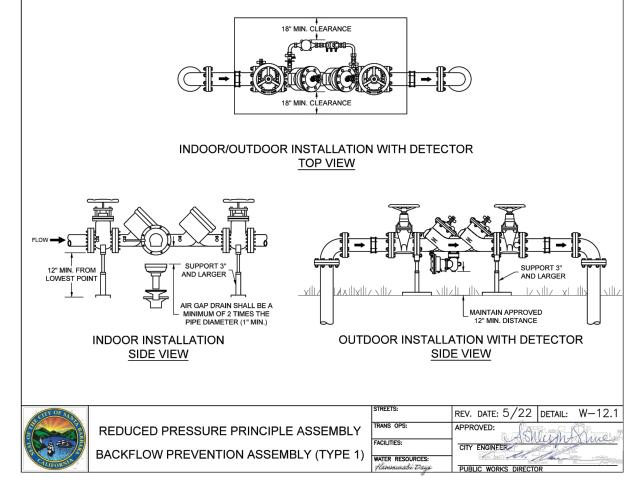
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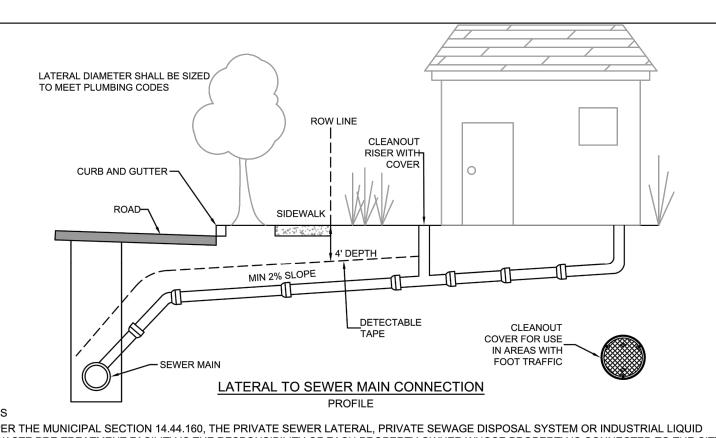
built for accessibility.











SIDE WITH TEST PORT

REV. DATE: 5/22 DETAIL: W-12.0

APPROVED:

washi Days PUBLIC WORKS DIRECTOR

CITY ENGINEER

ADEQUATE AND SAFE CLEARANCE MUST BE

MINIMUM CLEARANCE SCHEDULE

| ¾" THRU 2" | 18" | 18" | 12"

and reviewed by the Cross-Connection Specialist.

the Backflow to fail.

PROVIDED TO PERMIT TESTING AND REPAIR WORK

The Backflow shall be installed per Manufacturer Specifications/USC guidelines.

Refer to Uniform Plumbing Code (UPC) Chapter 6, section 603 for more details.

REDUCED PRESSURE PRINCIPLE ASSEMBLY

BACKFLOW PREVENTION ASSEMBLY (NOTES)

5. The Backflow shall be protected from freezing in a manner that promotes ease of access.

PLANTS AT MATURE

The reduced Pressure Principal Backflow Assembly (RP) must be installed where it is accessible for periodic testing and

Prior to installation, thoroughly flush the supply line of all foreign material. Failure to flush the lines completely may cause

The Backflow must be tested upon installation. Water Service shall remain off until a passing test report has been received

6. Any Backflow Assembly installed over 5 feet from finished grade to centerline of pipe must have a permanent platform for

PER THE MUNICIPAL SECTION 14.44.160, THE PRIVATE SEWER LATERAL, PRIVATE SEWAGE DISPOSAL SYSTEM OR INDUSTRIAL LIQUID WASTE PRE-TREATMENT FACILITY IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF EACH PROPERTY OWNER WHOSE PROPERTY IS CONNECTED TO THE CITY FACTORY-FABRICATED CONNECTION FITTINGS (WYES OR TEES) ARE REQUIRED FOR ALL STANDARD SEWER LATERALS. LATERALS WILL

ONLY BE PERMITTED TO TIE INTO MANHOLES WITH PRE-APPROVAL BY WASTEWATER LATERALS SHALL BE CONNECTED TO THE SEWER MAIN DOWNSTREAM OF AN EXISTING MANHOLE. CONTACT THE PUBLIC WORKS PERMIT COUNTER AT 630 GARDEN STREET OR (805) 564-5388 TO OBTAIN PERMITS FOR ALL SEWER

LATERAL CONNECTION ("TAP") INSTALLATIONS. ALL SEWER LATERAL IMPROVEMENTS IN THE PUBLIC RIGHT OF WAY AND CONNECTION INSTALLATIONS REGARDLESS OF LOCATION SHALL REQUIRE A PERMIT FROM THE CITY PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

S. SEWER LATERAL PIPE AND FITTINGS SHALL BE BELL AND SPIGOT SDR-35 PVC, HDPE DR-17 OR AN APPROVED EQUAL BY THE ENGINEER. NON-JOINTED MATERIALS ARE FAVORABLE TO REDUCE THE POTENTIAL FOR INFILTRATION. ALL CAULDER COUPLINGS SHALL BE "STRONG BACKS," A BAND SEAL TYPE COUPLING WITH AN OUTSIDE STAINLESS STEEL SHEAR RING.

SEWER LATERAL PIPE SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM DIAMETER OF 4", AND A MINIMUM SLOPE OF 2%. GRADE SHALL BE UNIFORM FROM MAIN TO PROPERTY LINE. 9. FACTORY FABRICATED WYES, TEES OR SADDLES ARE REQUIRED AND SHALL HAVE A MIN. DISTANCE OF 24" BETWEEN SERVICE

10. BEDDING AND BACKFILL FOR LATERALS SHALL MEET THE SAME REQUIREMENTS FOR SEWER MAINS. SEE TRENCH BEDDING AND

BACKFILLS STANDARD DETAILS S-01.0 AND S-01.1. NEW WYES SHALL BE SUPPORTED BY  $\frac{1}{2}$  " CRUSHED ROCK, 4" MIN. 1. FOR PATHWAYS WHERE FOOT TRAFFIC IS LIKELY, LATERAL CLEANOUTS SHALL BE JAY R. SMITH MFG. CO 4810-06PB OR EQUAL.

12. ONLY CITY DESIGNATED CONTRACTOR IS PERMITTED TO INSTALL NEW OR REPLACE CONNECTIONS ON EXISTING SEWER MAINS.

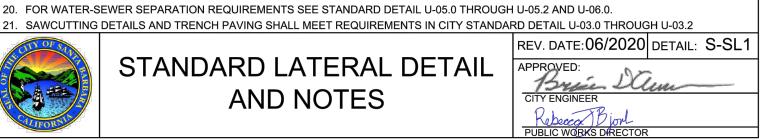
13. WYES SHALL POINT DOWNSTREAM AND ENTER MAIN BETWEEN THE 10:00 - 11:00 POSITION OR 1:00 - 2:00 POSITION. 14. WHEN CHANGES IN GRADE ARE NECESSARY, CHANGES IN GRADE OF LATERAL SHALL BE MADE USING LONG-RADIUS BENDS. 15. THE DEPTH OF THE LATERAL AT THE PROPERTY LINE SHALL BE A MINIMUM OF 4 FEET, WITHOUT SPECIAL APPROVAL BY THE ENGINEER. 16. WHEN THE DEPTH OF THE SEWER MAIN IS 12 FEET OR MORE, INSTALL A CHIMNEY SEWER LATERAL PER STANDARD DETAIL S-SL7. 7. FOR NEW INSTALLATIONS, DETECTABLE TAPE OR TRACER WIRE SHALL BE INSTALLED FOR LOCATING SEWER LATERALS. TERMINATE

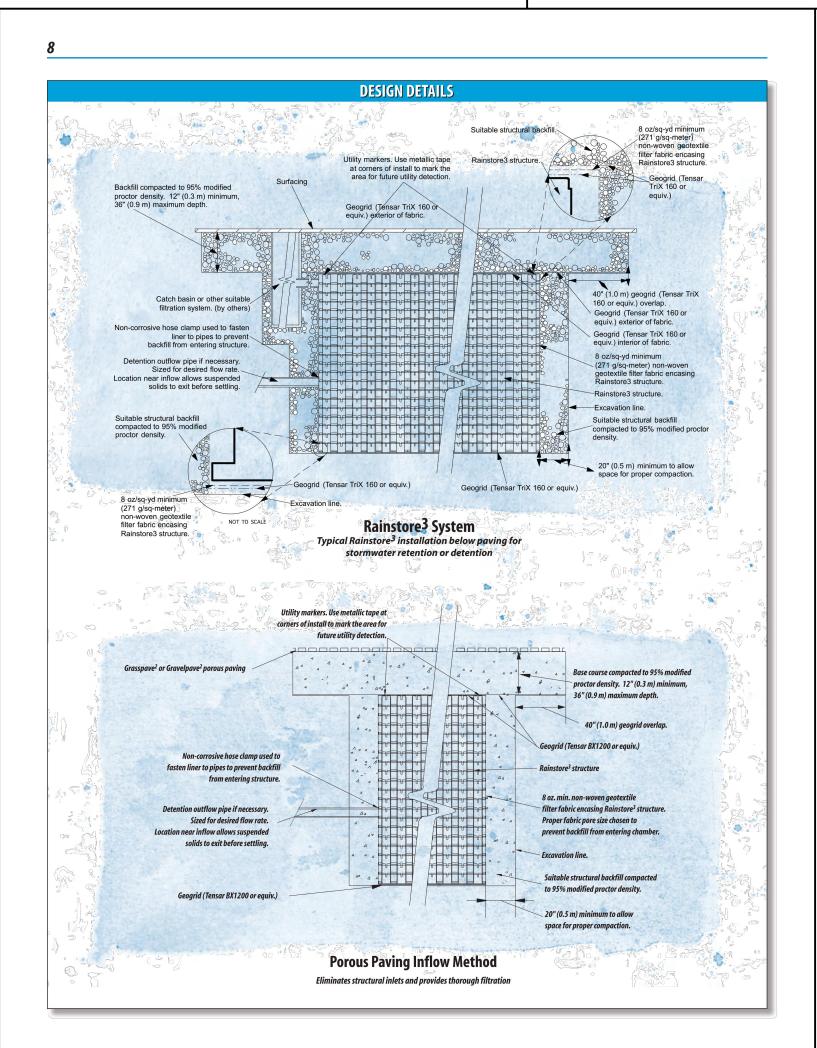
TRACER WIRE INSIDE CLEANOUT. FOR CHIMNEY OR SLOPED LATERAL, SEE S-SL7. 18. IF LATERAL IS REPLACED BY TRENCHING, DETECTABLE TAPE SHALL BE INSTALLED PER S-SP1. IF TRENCHLESS REPLACEMENT, TRACER WIRE WITH AT LEAST ONE END OF TRACER WIRE EXPOSED SHALL BE SECURED TO THE NEW PIPE AS IT IS INSTALLED.

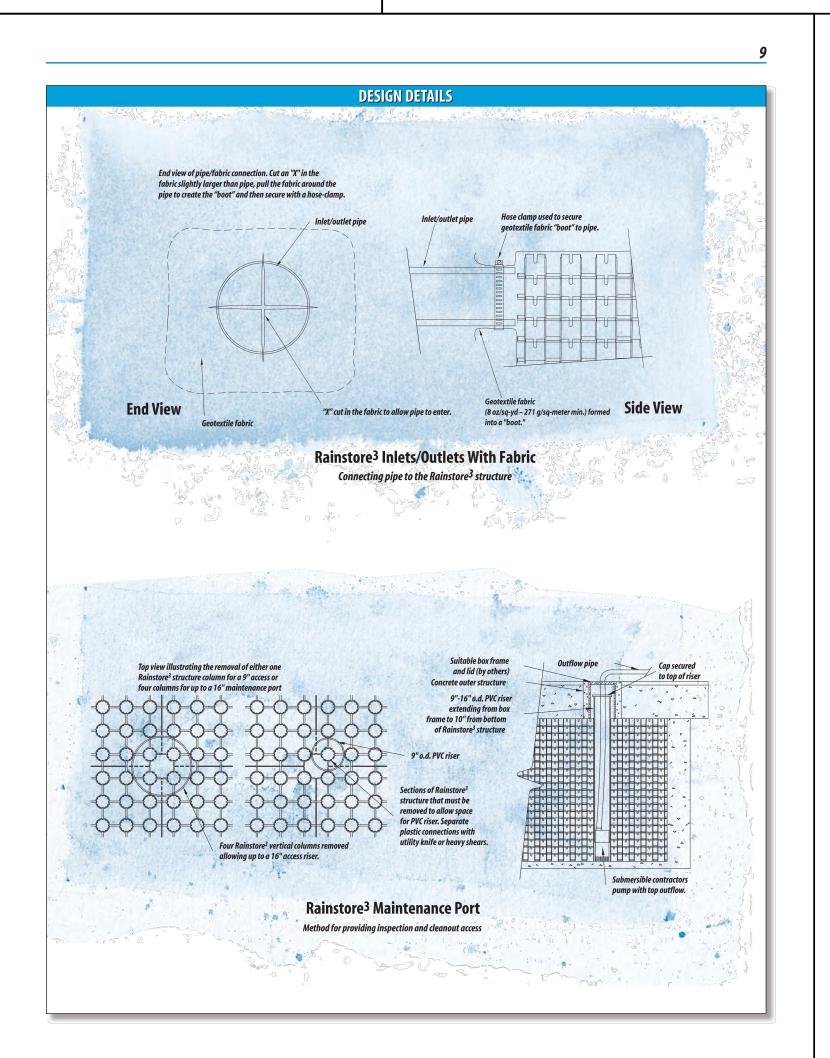
REFERENCE: 19. SEWER LATERAL TO SEWER MAIN CONNECTIONS SHALL BE PER DETAILS S-SL2 THROUGH S-SL8.

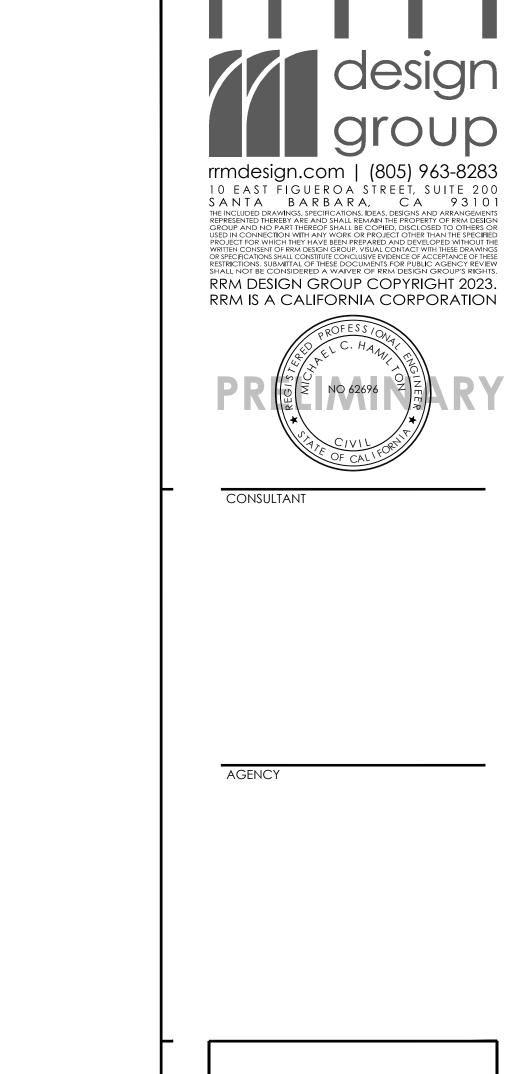
20. FOR WATER-SEWER SEPARATION REQUIREMENTS SEE STANDARD DETAIL U-05.0 THROUGH U-05.2 AND U-06.0.

STANDARD LATERAL DETAIL **AND NOTES** 









**8** 4

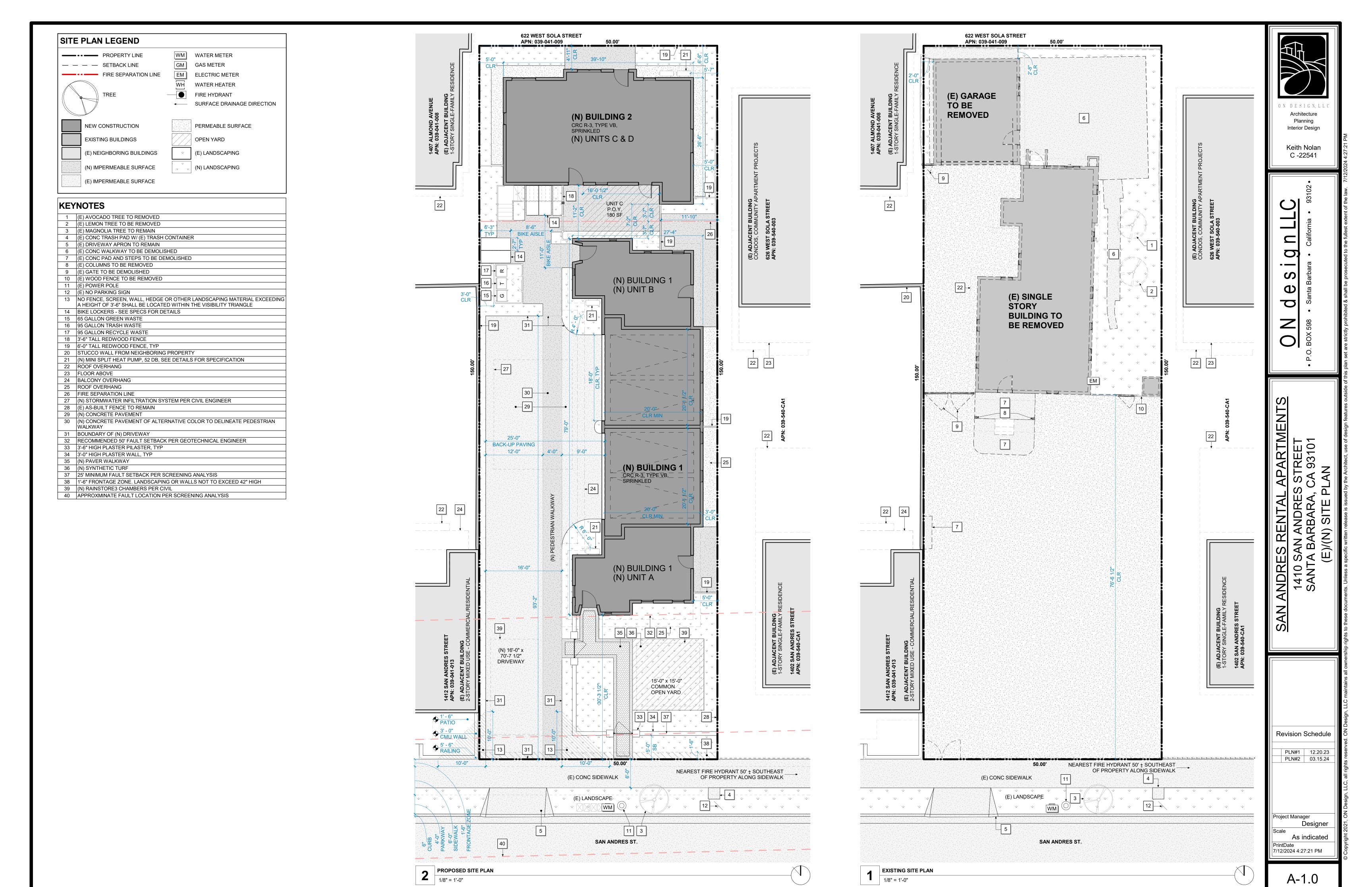
NO. REVISION /1\ |PLAN CHECK RESPONSE 1| 05/28/24

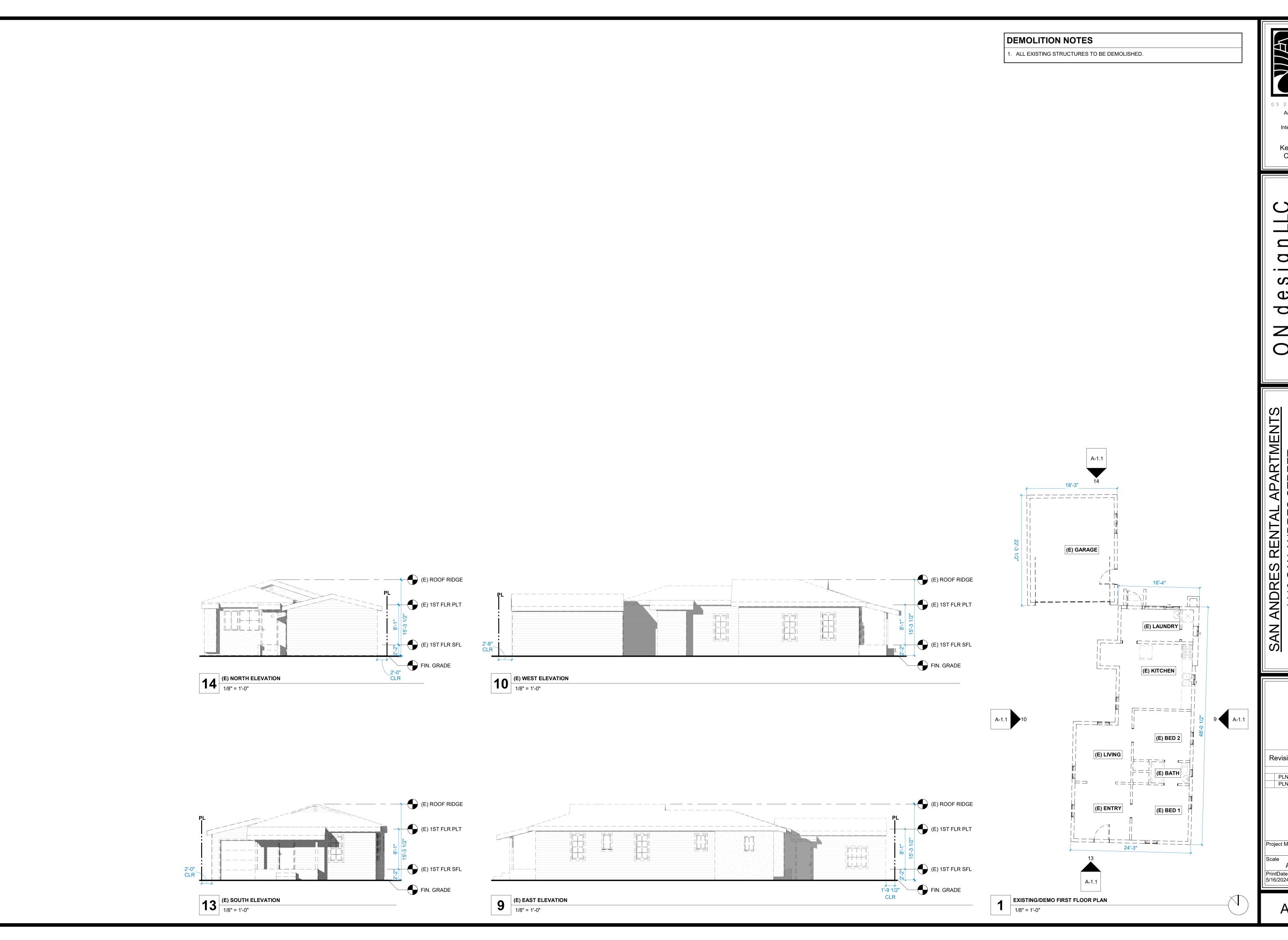
**PROJECT MANAGER** MICHAEL HAMILTON DRAWN BY CHECKED BY SMD

MAY 28, 2024 PROJECT NUMBER 3056-01-RS23

SHEET

RAINSTORE3 INLET/OUTLET AND CLEANOUT DETAILS





ON DESIGN, LL Planning Interior Design

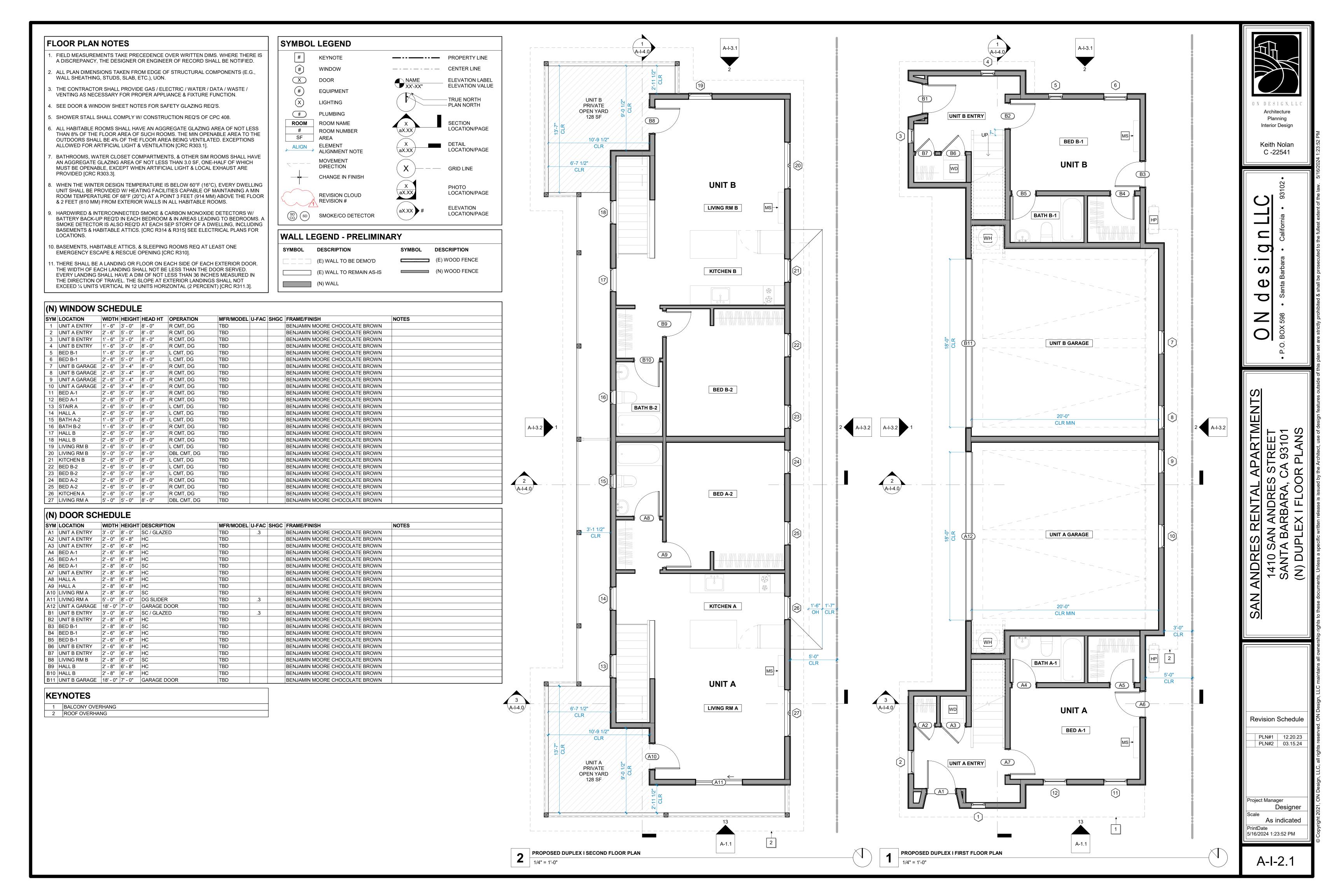
> Keith Nolan C -22541

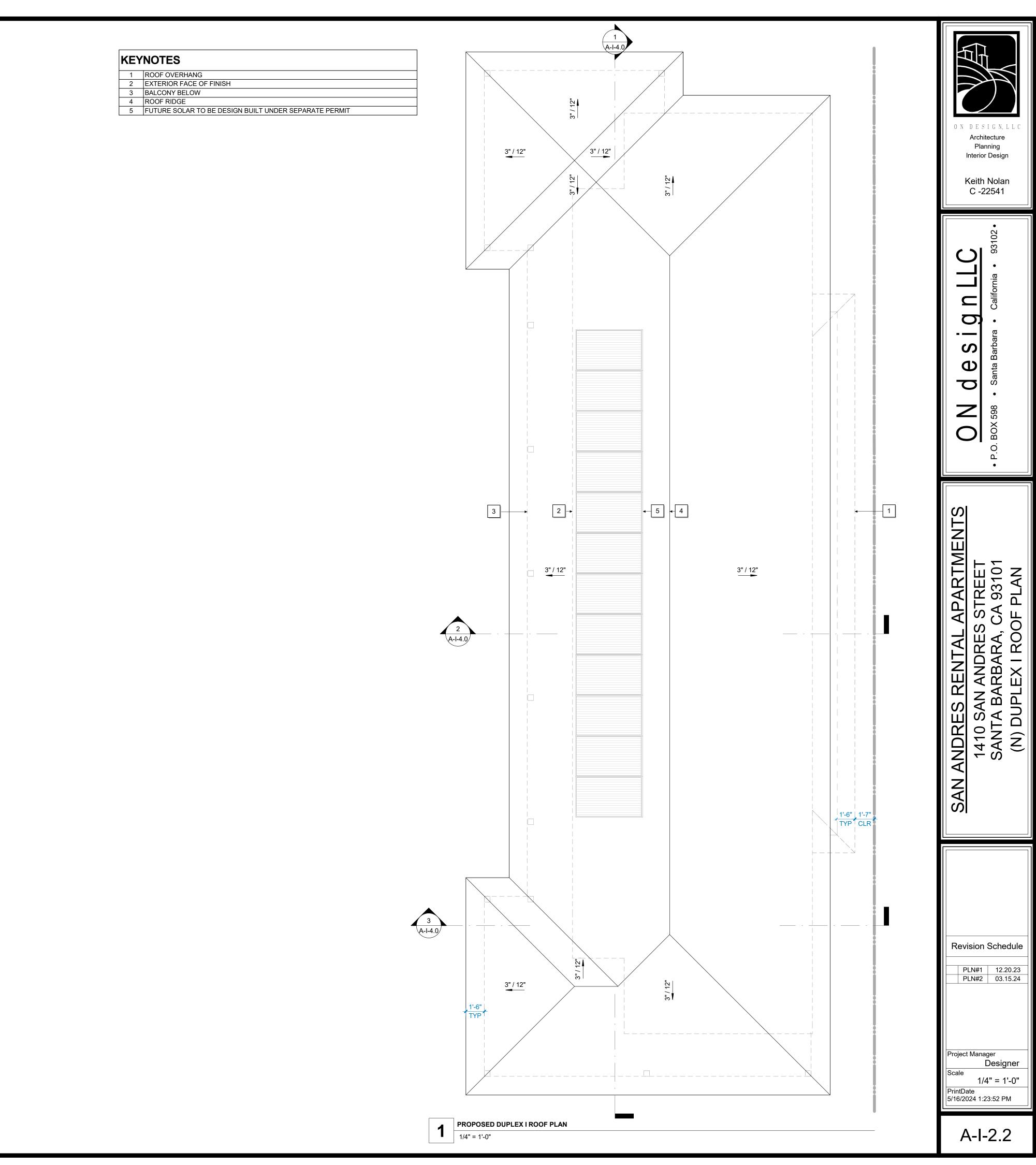
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Revision Schedule PLN#1 12.20.23 PLN#2 03.15.24

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A-1.1





Revision Schedule PLN#1 12.20.23 PLN#2 03.15.24







ON designLLC

P.O. BOX 598 Santa Barbara California 93102

O N D E S I G N, L L e

Architecture

Planning

Interior Design

Keith Nolan C -22541

SAN ANDRES RENTAL APARTMENT
1410 SAN ANDRES STREET
SANTA BARBARA, CA 93101
(N) DI IPI EX I EXTERIOR FI EVATIONS

Project Manager
Designer
Scale
As indicated
PrintDate
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A-I-3.1





PROPOSED DUPLEX I EAST ELEVATION 2 PROPOSED 1/4" = 1'-0"



PROPOSED DUPLEX I WEST ELEVATION 1 PROPOSED

1/4" = 1'-0"

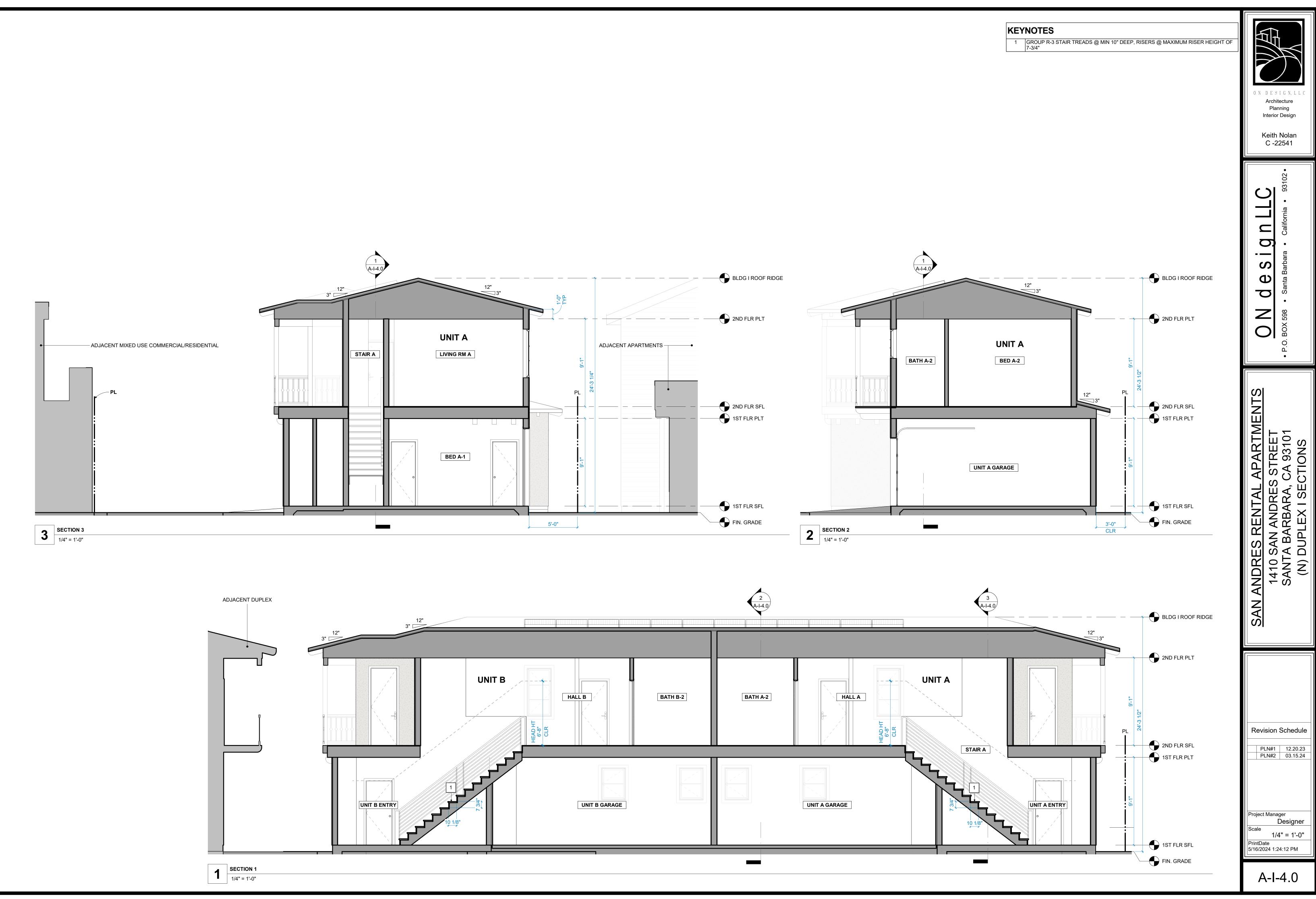
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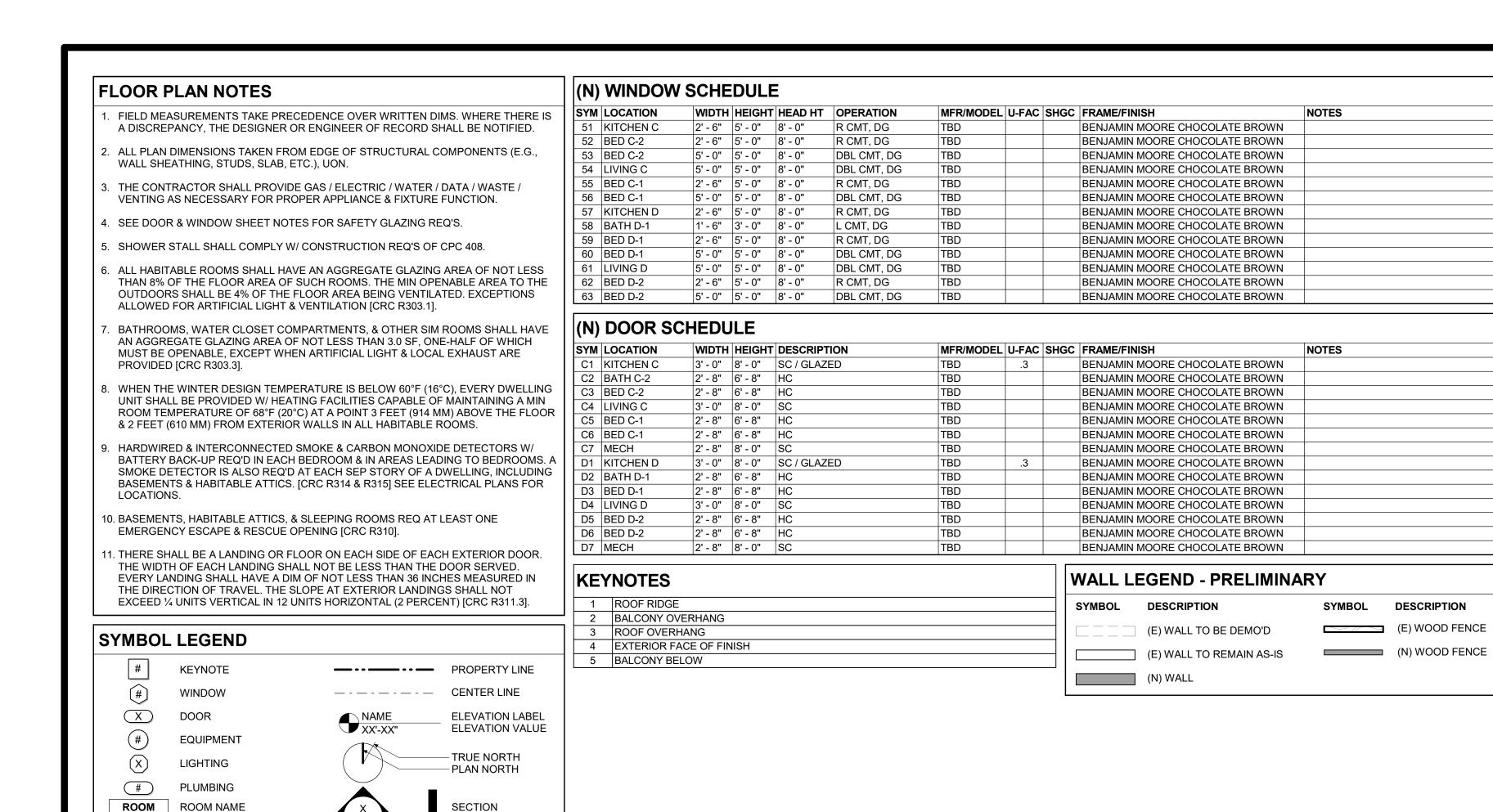
Keith Nolan C -22541

Revision Schedule PLN#1 12.20.23 PLN#2 03.15.24

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A-I-3.2





LOCATION/PAGE

LOCATION/PAGE

LOCATION/PAGE

ELEVATION LOCATION/PAGE

PROPOSED DUPLEX II ROOF PLAN

3 PROPOSED 1/4" = 1'-0"

**GRID LINE** 

PHOTO

**ROOM NUMBER** 

ALIGNMENT NOTE

CHANGE IN FINISH

REVISION CLOUD REVISION #

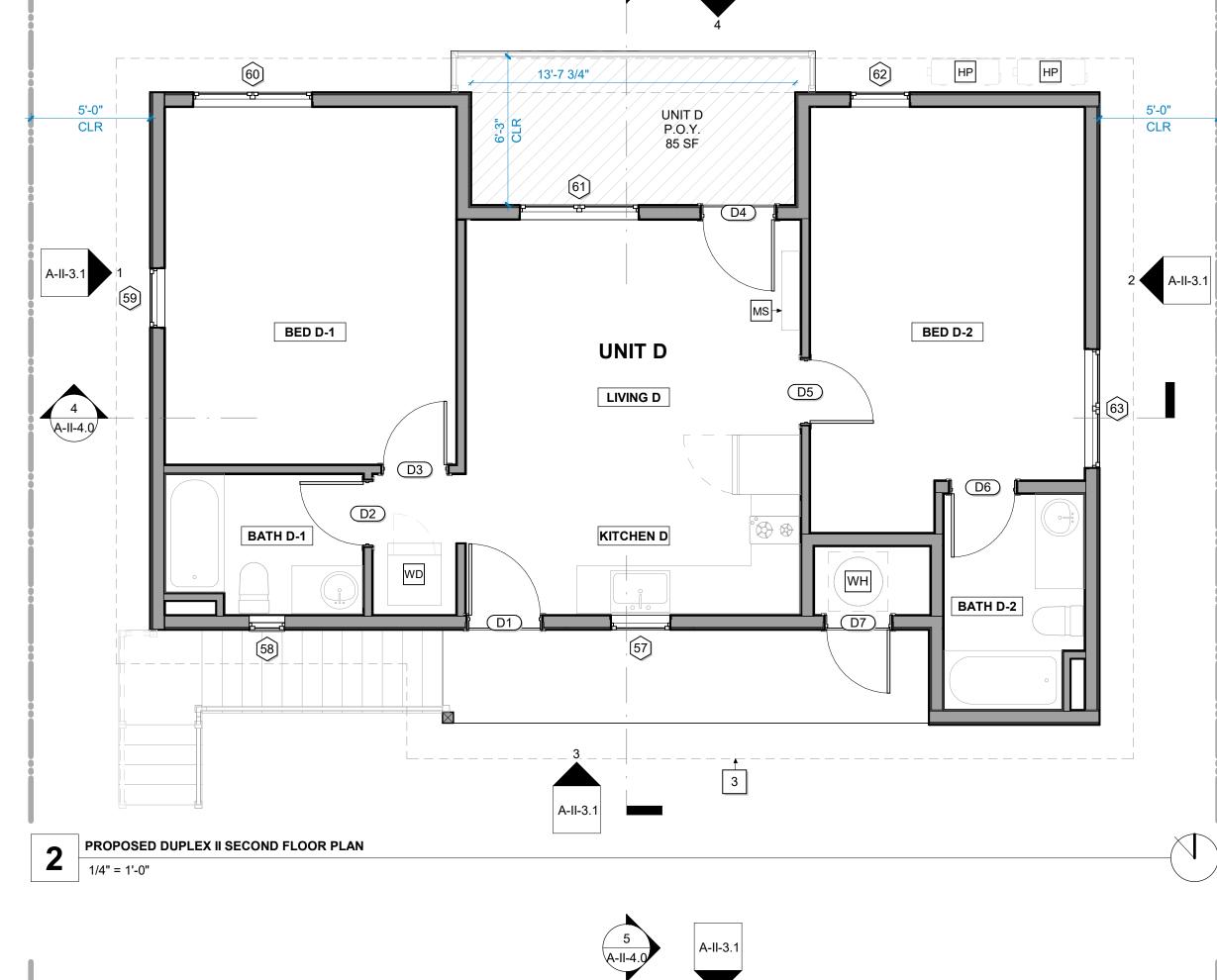
SD SD SMOKE/CO DETECTOR

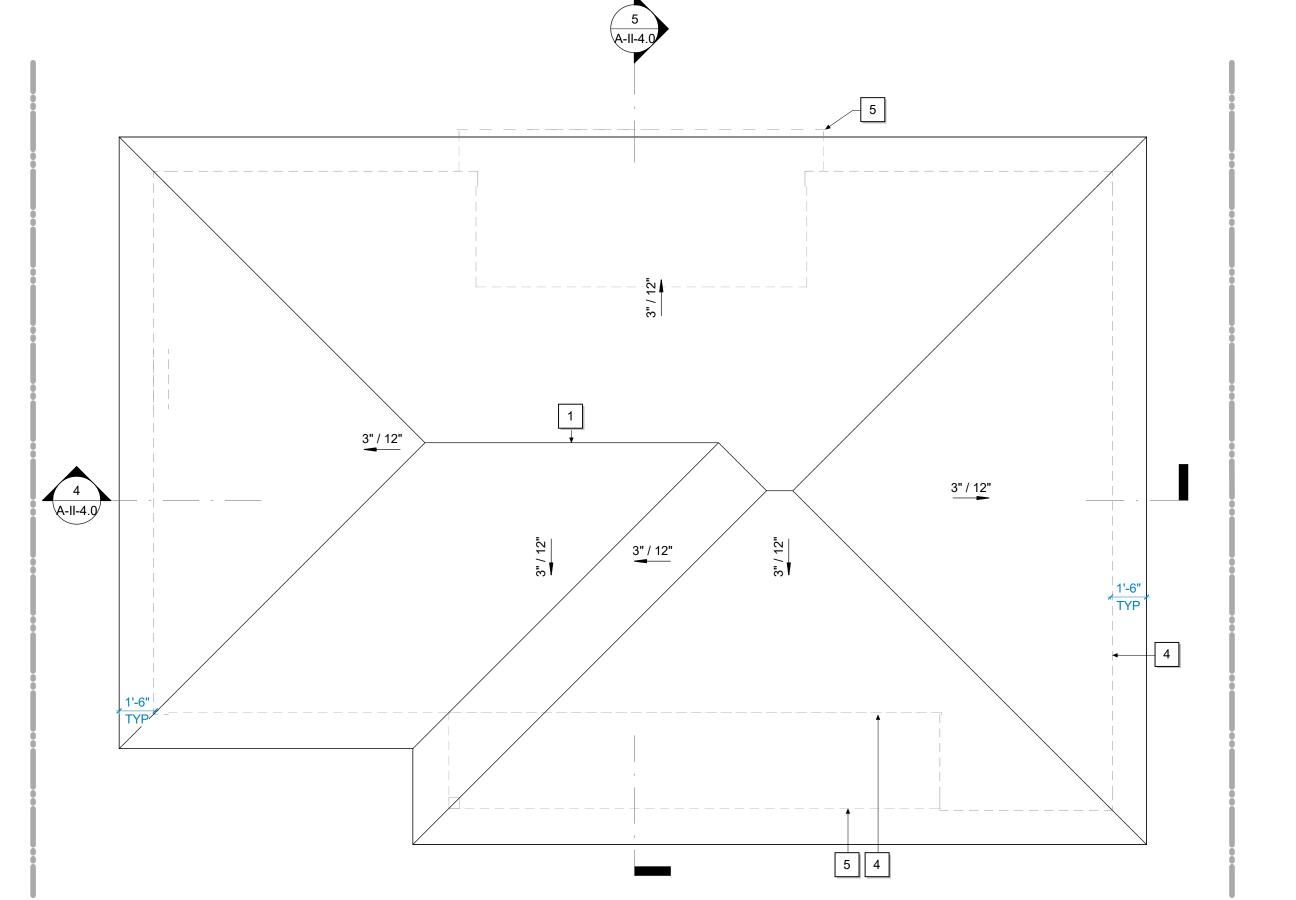
**ELEMENT** 

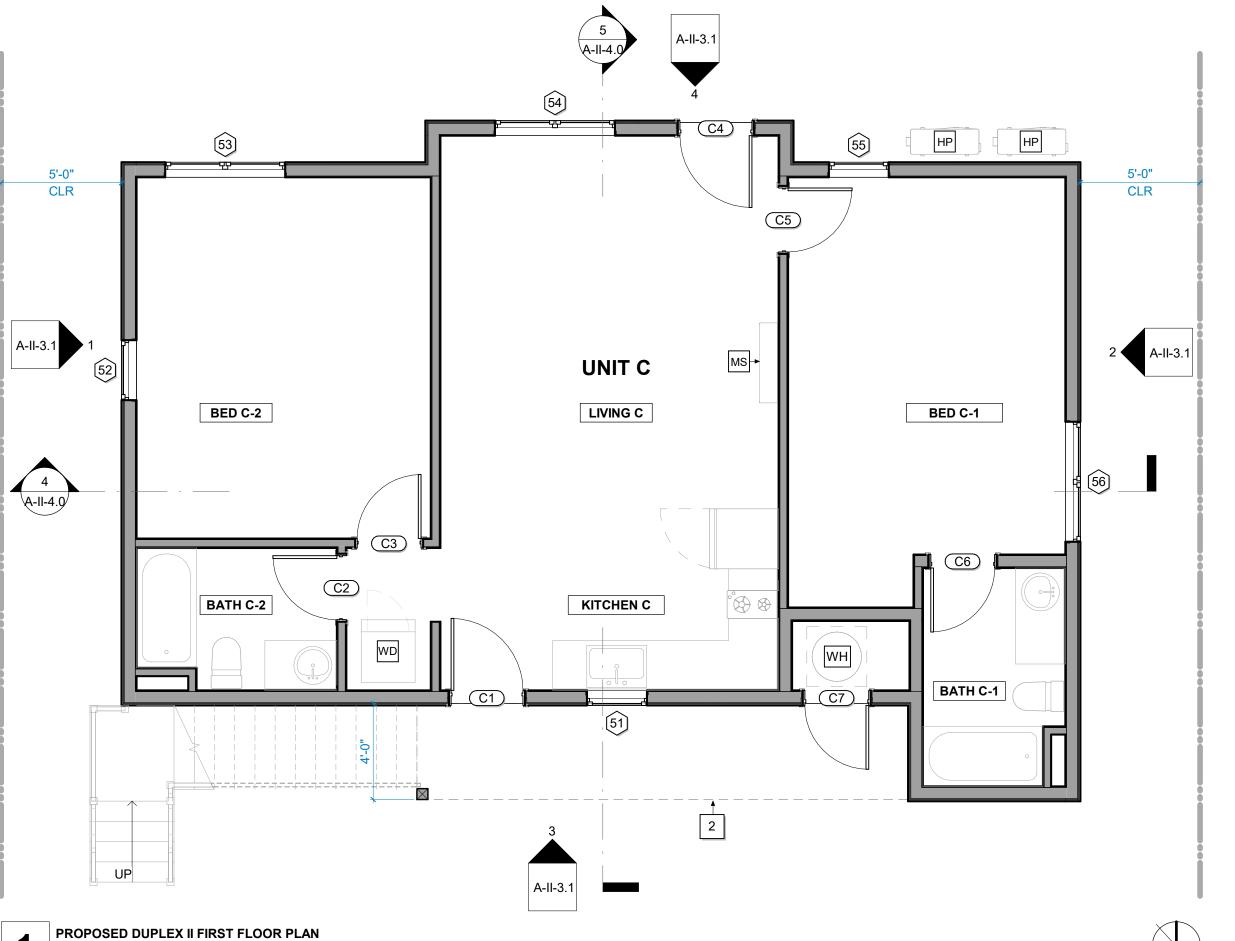
**MOVEMENT** DIRECTION

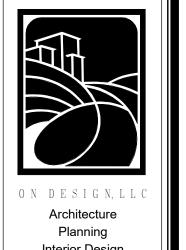
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ALIGN









Interior Design

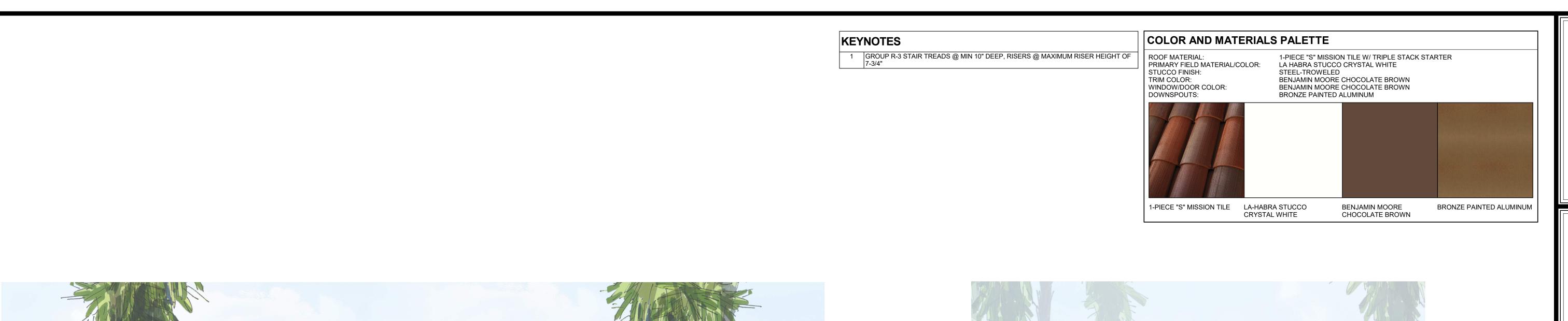
Keith Nolan C -22541

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**Revision Schedule** PLN#1 12.20.23 PLN#2 03.15.24

A-II-2.1

As indicated











Architecture Planning

Interior Design Keith Nolan

C -22541

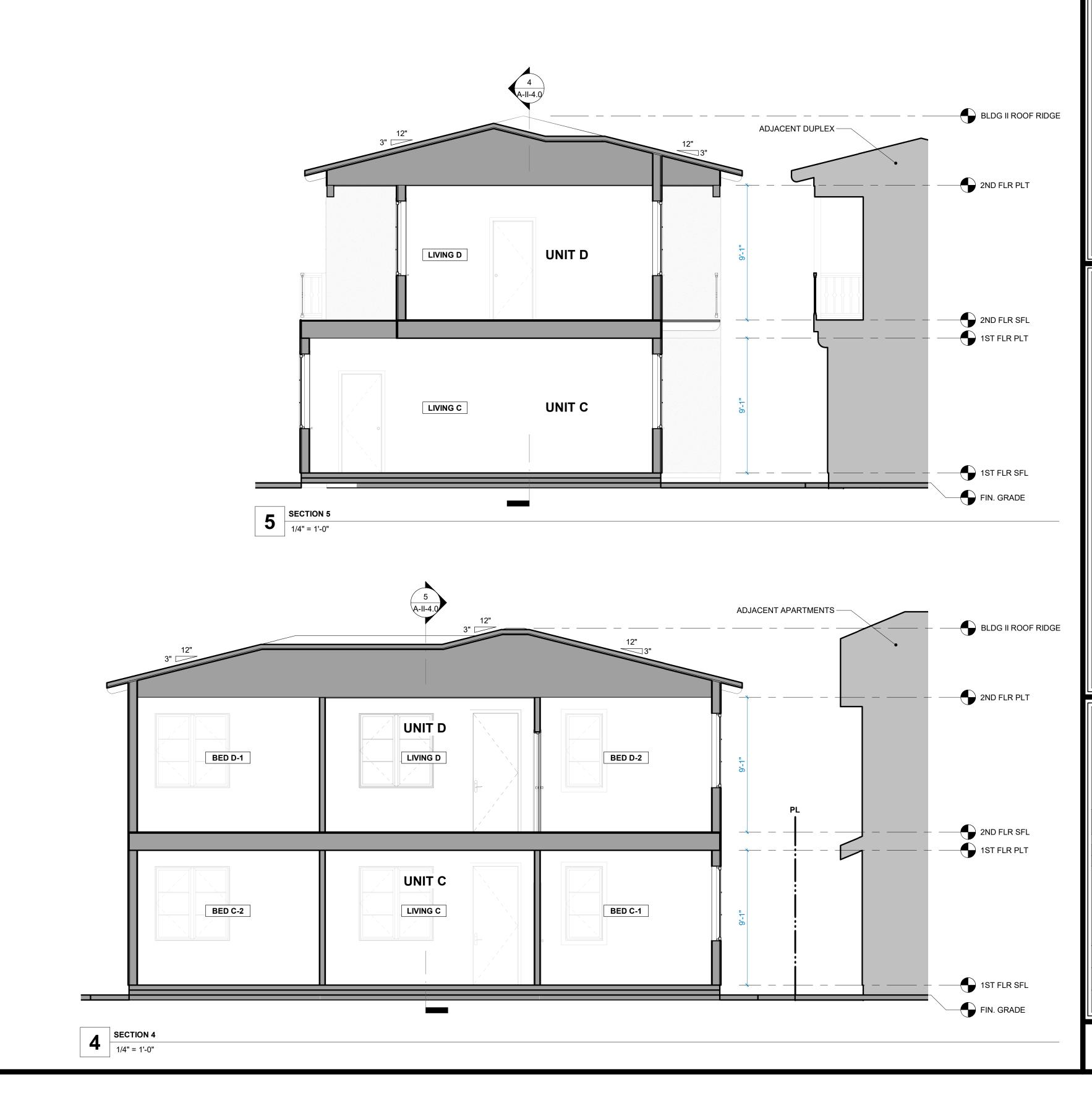
FIN. GRADE

Revision Schedule

PLN#1 12.20.23 PLN#2 03.15.24

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Planning Interior Design

Keith Nolan C -22541

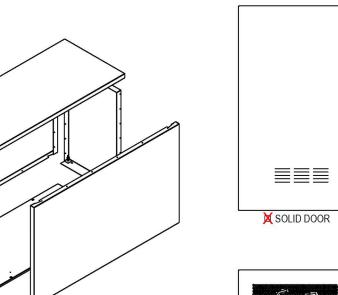
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Designer
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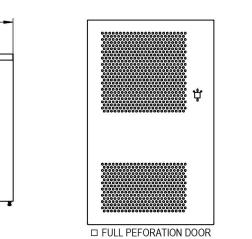
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ALLOW FOR LOADING OF BIKE. SUGGESTED CLEARANCE OF 60" (MINIMUM OF48")





□ BICYCLE PEFORATION DOOR



OTHER AVAILABLE OPTIONS:

GRAFFITI RESISTANT ADDITIONAL COATING

CHECK LOCKING STYLE □ HEAVY DUTY 4266 POP-OUT "T" HANDLE

DESCRIPTION: MADLOCKERTM NARROW BIKE LOCKER 1 UNIT, 1 BIKE CAPACITY

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WITH 2 USER KEYS (KEYED DIFFERENTLY)

XSTEEL U-LOCK AND PADLOCK STYLE HANDLE (PADLOCK AND U-LOCK NOT INCLUDED)

1. INSTALL BIKE RACKS ACCORDING TO MANUFACTURER'S SPECIFICATIONS.
2. CONSULTANT TO SELECT COLOR (FINISH), SEE MANUFACTURER'S SPECIFICATIONS. 3. SEE SITE PLAN FOR LOCATION OR CONSULT OWNER. Color: Bronze

BIKE LOCKER SPEC

DATE: 10-2-18 ENG: SMC

**PROGRESS** LIGHTING™

DATE: PROJECT:



Width: 5-1/2"

Height: 15-1/8"

H/CTR: 5-7/8" (facing up)

# P560021-020

**Gibbes Street** 

Incandescent

Elongated frames capture the romantic charm of vintage gas lanterns. Inspired by a stroll down a Charlestonian street bearing the same name, the Gibbes Street outdoor lantern collection features clear beveled glass and an Antique Bronze finish. Wall, post and hanging lanterns complete the family.

- Antique Bronze finish Elongated frame
- Captures the romantic charm of a vintage gas lantern Clear beveled glass
- Category: Outdoor
- Finish: Antique Bronze (painted)
- Construction: Aluminum construction
- Glass/Shade: Clear beveled glass panels

MOUNTING	ELECTRICAL	LAMPING	ADDITIONAL INFORMATION
Wall mounted	Pre-wired	Quantity:	cCSAus Wet location listed
Mounting strap for outlet box included  Backplate covers a standard 4" hexagonal recessed outlet box  4.5" W., 5.5" ht., 0.8125" depth	6" of wire supplied 120 V	One 100w max. Medium Base E26 base ceramic socket	1 year warranty

WALL SCONCE SPEC



"Memorandum on Identification of Essential Critical Infrastructure Workers During COVID-19 Response", issued by the U.S. Department of Homeland Security on March 19, 2020.

GET FREE QUOTE Contractor Program Contact Us

SES COVID-19 Update: We are open for business, Solar Electric Supply is part of our Nation's critical infrastructure as defined in the

HOME PHOTOVOLTAIC SOLAR MODULES REC SOLAR PANELS REC N-Peak REC325NP 325 Watt Solar Panel



**Specifications** REC NIPEAK

REC325NP
325.0
304.0
41.0
10.17
Black
-0/+5 Watts
39.7
65.9
39.25

REC N-Peak REC325NP 325 Watt Solar Panel Availability: Call For Availability

**Features** 

SOLAR

REC325NP 325 Watt REC N-Peak Solar Panel

REC Solar's N-Peak REC325NP solar panel is a premium monocrystalline solar panel using REC's proven half-cut cell technology. REC N-Peak combines the most efficient C-SI technolgy with the power output of it's proven twin panel design. This reliable solar panel is ideal for homes or businesses requiring a very efficient, cost-effective solar panel that provides reliable

REC N-Peak Series solar panels feature an innovative design using 120 laser cut Monocrystalline N-Type C-SI solar cells. This results in higher panel efficiency which will provide more power output per panel than traditional polycrystalline technologies. This means optimum use of valuable roof space and reduced balance of system costs. **Super Strong Frame Design** 

The REC N-Peak Series has extra support bars across the rear of the panel, greatly boosting its strength and durability, and allowing loads of up to 6000 Pa – far exceeding the 5400 offered by conventional panels. This added strength enables you to achieve much higher energy yields. Combined with a 1.1" frame height, this frame design enables flexible installation options, making overcoming every obstacle easier during system design.

**REC N-Peak REC325NP Benefits**  Powerful Monocrystalline technology More power for more electricity generation Higher yield through improved performance in shaded

25 YEAR LINEAR POWER OUTPUT WARRANTY

WITH 0.5% WARRANTED ANNUAL DEGRADATION

**Operating Range:** 

Cooling (°F DB)<sup>3</sup>

Heating (°F WB)

Refrigerant Type

Refrigerant Control

Net / Shipping Weight (lbs.)

Minimum No. of Indoor Units Maximum No. of Indoor Units

Heat Exchanger Coating

Sound Pressure (Cool / Heat) ±1 dB(A)<sup>5</sup>

**Unit Data:** 

Oil / Type

Quantity

Motor / Drive

Max. Airflow Rate (CFM)

2. Piping lengths are equivalent

1. Acceptable operating voltage: 187V - 253V.

3. Sound pressure levels are tested in an anechoic chamber under ISO Standard

4. All power / communication cable to be minimum 14 AWG, 4-conductor, stranded,

shielded or unshielded wire, and must comply with applicable local and national codes. If shielded, the wire must be grounded to the chassis at the outdoor unit

5. Power wiring size must comply with the applicable local and national codes.
6. This data is rated 0 ft. above sea level, with 25 ft. of refrigerant line, and 0 ft. level difference between outdoor and indoor units. All capacities are net with a

combination ratio between 95 - 105%.

7. Must follow installation instructions in the applicable LG installation manual.

9. See the Performance Data Manual for sensible and latent capacities.

0.59

 Breakthrough technologies for increased light capture 100% free of Potential Induced Degradation (PID) Ultra-thin 1.1" thick frame

 Impressive 6000Pa snow load REC is known for leading standards of design and manufacturing to produce long-lasting and high-performance solar panels with reliable power output.

**REC N-Peak Solar Panel Warranty** The REC325NP is guaranteed high power output over its warranted lifetime. The REC N-Peak series comes with REC's best warranty:

SOLAR PANEL SPEC

Job Name/Location: For: File Resubmit \_ Approval ∟\_Other PO No.:

GC: **Architect:** Mech:

LMU24CHV

Performance: Cooling Capacity (Min.-Rated-Max., Btu/h) 8,400~20,000~25,000 Heating Capacity (Min.-Rated-Max., Btu/h) 9,240~24,000~28,800 Max. Heating Capacity at 5°F (Btu/h) Max. Heating Capacity at 0°F (Btu/h) 13,055 Max. Heating Capacity at -4°F (Btu/h) 10,385 Cooling COP @95°F (Rated) Heating COP @47°F (Rated)

Multi F Inverter Heat Pump Outdoor Unit

Heating Nominal Test Conditions: Indoor: 70°F DB / 60°F WB Cooling Nominal Test Conditions Indoor: 80°F DB / 67°F WB Outdoor: 95°F DB / 75°F WB Outdoor: 47°F DB / 43°F WB Electrical: Power Supply (V/Hz/Ø)<sup>1</sup> 208-230V, 60, 1 MOP (A) MCA (A) Recommended Fuse Size (A) Cooling Rated Amps (A) Heating Rated Amps (A) 11.99 Compressor (A) Fan Motor (A)

Locked Rotor Amps (A) MOP - Maximum Overcurrent Protection MCA - Minimum Circuit Ampacity Refrigerant Charge (lbs.) Liquid Line Connection (in., O.D.) 1/4 x 3 Vapor Line Connection (in., O.D.) Maximum Total Piping<sup>2</sup> (ft.) 10.0 / 82.0 Min. / Max. ODU to IDU Piping (ft.) Piping Length (no add'l refrigerant, ft.) Maximum Elevation between ODU and IDU (ft.) Maximum Elevation between IDU and IDU (ft.)

ODU = Outdoor Unit Features: Auto operation

 Restart delay (three [3] minutes) Auto restart Self diagnosis Inverter (variable speed Soft start Low ambient cooling down to 14°F compressor) Defrost / Deicing

**Optional Accessories:** ☐ PI-485 - PMNFP14A1 Premium - PQNUD1S41 ☐ Mobile LGMV - PLGMVW100 ☐ MultiSITE Comm. Mgr. ☐ Drain Pan Heater - PQSH1200 PBACNBTR0A ☐ AC Smart 5 - PACS5A000 ☐ Low Ambient Baffle Kit (Cooling ☐ ACP 5 - PACP5A000 operation to -4°F) - ZLABGP03A ☐ Power Distribution Indicator (PDI)







For a complete list of available accessories, contact your LG representative. For continual product development, LG reserves the right to change specifications without notice.

**MINISPLIT SPEC** 

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ON DESIGN, LL

Architecture

Planning Interior Design

Keith Nolan C -22541

O<sub>1</sub> d

14 to 118

-4 to +64

R410A

49 / 52 100 / 108

Gold Fin™

Twin Rotary

FVC68D

Propeller

Brushless Digitally Controlled/Direct

Revision Schedule

PLN#1 12.20.23 PLN#2 03.15.24

roject Manager Designer 12" = 1'-0"

PrintDate 5/16/2024 1:24:24 PM

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#### **PLANTING NOTES:** Shrub layout as shown on plan indicates "shrub masses." Quantities are as shown on — 25' MINIMUM FAULT SETBACK legend, on-center spacing as shown on legend. Contractor to verify quantities based on spacing and add additional plant material (at no additional cost to the owner) required to maintain design intent due to existing site conditions not anticipated during design. - 10'x10' VISIBILITY TRIANGLE Layout/spacing shall be as shown on plan or legend. Landscape architect to approve no fence, screen, wall, hedge or other final layout in field prior to installation. landscaping material exceeding a - 50' RECOMMENDED FAULT SETBACK height of 3'-6" shall be located within Contractors shall notify the landscape architect of site conditions which prevent — ALTERNATIVE CONC. COLOR the visibility triangle installation per plans and specifications. DRIVEWAY FOR PEDESTRIAN WALK **PROPERTY LINE** — CONC. DRIVEWAY 3. Contractor shall be liable for removing and re-installing irrigation equipment, and N 42°24'28" E replanting areas which are not installed per plan and specifications. 4. Refer to planting specifications for inspection/certification schedule. 5. Irrigation system shall be installed and operational prior to installation of plant materials. 6. Trees and shrubs shall be planted after concrete placement, but not before irrigation coverage test no. 1 has been approved. (see specifications). 7. Place trees between irrigation heads wherever possible. 8. Shredded mulch installation: Install shredded mulch in all shrub and groundcover areas per specifications unless otherwise indicated on plans. - BIKE LOCKER Contractor is responsible for all repairs and/or replacement of any damaged landscape - 3.5' HIGH WOOD FENCE areas beyond the limit of work, including repairing any irrigation lines/sprinkler heads, that is a direct result of the landscape construction and/or his sub-contractor. Replacement items shall be exact duplication of original work or plants, unless NANA I otherwise approved by the landscape architect. 10. Clean-up shall take place on a daily basis unless otherwise approved by the owner's representative. **PROPOSED** 11. It is the contractor's responsibility to maintain all grades and flow lines as shown on the **DUPLEX** grading plan. Where sod is to be installed on a swale, the finish grade must be adjusted so the sod does not restrict the flow. 12. Landscape contractor shall take soil samples from the site. The samples shall be taken - CONC. PAVERS at a depth of 12" after rough grading and submitted to an approved soil and plant — SYNTHETIC TURF laboratory for agricultural suitability testing. The cost of testing shall be included in the PROPOSED DUPLEX 13. The recommendations of the soil report shall supersede the soil preparation and backfill mix specifications (see specifications). The contractor shall submit a copy of all soils reports to the landscape architect prior to modification of these specifications. The contractor shall submit a copy of all soil reports with the Certificate of Completion. 14. Backflow shall be enclosed in cage and/or screened within landscape planting area. - 42" HIGH PILASTER **PROPERTY LINE** — PEA GRAVEL w/ NO - 36" HIGH SMOOTH — CONC. PATIO N 42°24'28" E **GEO FABRIC** STUCCO WALL 149.92' - 1.5' WIDE FRONTAGE ZONE, LANDSCAPING OR WALLS NOT TO EXCEED 42" HIGH - APPROXIMATE FAULT - (E) SIDEWALK LOCATION PER GEOTECH PRELIMINARY LANDSCAPE PLAN SCALE: 1/8" = 1'-0" PLANTING LEGEND: SYMBOL CALLOUT BOTANICAL NAME SPACING COMMENTS USE COMMON NAME SIZE 8' Min Archontophoenix alexandrae As Shown Strelitzia nicolai Giant Bird of Paradise 24" Box As Shown Jacaranda mimosifolia 24" Box As Shown Jacaranda SHRUBS 48" O.C. Ligustrum japonicum 'Texanum' Waxleaf Privet 5 Gal Podocarpus macrophyllus 'Maki' Shrubby Yew Podocarpus 5 Gal Agave attenuata Fox Tail Agave 5 Gal 48" O.C. -42" O.C. Pittosporum tenuifolium Golf Ball Pittosporum 5 Gal 42" O.C. Westringia fruticosa Grey Box Dwarf Coast Rosemary 5 Gal Rhaphiolepis Umbellata 'Minor' Dwarf Yeddo Hawthorn Festuca glauca 'Elijah Blue' Elijah Blue Fescue 1 Gal 1 Gal Festuca mairei Atlas Fescue 24" O.C. 24" O.C. Agapanthus 'Peter Pan' Dwarf Blue Lily-of-the-Nile 1 Gal 1 Gal 24" O.C. -Limonium perezii Sea Lavender **SOIL AMENDMENT NOTE 1: SOIL AMENDMENT NOTE 2:** 1 Gal Nandina domestica Dwarf Heavenly Bamboo 24" O.C. Regardless of the recommendations as a result Regardless of the recommendations as a result of the required soils testing, the soil amendment 'Harbour Dwarf' of the required soils testing, compost at a rate of "Tri-C Humate" available from TRI-C Enterprises 4 cubic yards per 1,000 square feet of permeable Carissa macrocarpa 'Prostrata' Natal Plum 1 Gal 24" O.C. and distributors or approved equal shall be top area shall be incorporated to a depth of 6" into dressed and incorporated into the soil at a rate of the soil. 10 LBS./1,000SF Heavenly Bamboo Nandina domestica 1 Gal 24" O.C. -MULCH NOTE: **GROUNDCOVER** Contractor shall install a 3" layer of mulch in all shrub and groundcover areas unless otherwise Dymondia margaretae 12" O.C. Silver Carpet

**VINES** 

Lonicera confusa

Bougainvillea species

Soft-leafed Honeysuckle

Bougainvillea Species

1 Gal

1 Gal

As Shown

As Shown

ON DESIGN, LL Architecture Planning

> Interior Design Keith Nolan C - 22451

- (P) 6' HIGH WO(

WATER

M

M/L

M

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APARTMEN RES STREET RA, CA 93101 AND 1410 SA SANTA

roject Manager Drawn By VARIES int Date 2024-05-29

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